

USB type-c port controller

General description

EZ-PD™ CCG4 is a dual USB Type-C controller that complies with the latest USB Type-C and PD standards. CCG4 provides a complete dual USB Type-C and USB-Power Delivery port control solution for notebooks, power adapters and docking stations. It can also be used in dual role and downstream facing port applications. CCG4 uses Infineon's proprietary MOS8 technology with a 32-bit, 48-MHz Arm® Cortex®-M0 processor with 128 KB flash and integrates two complete Type-C transceivers including the Type-C termination resistors R_P and R_D .

Applications

- Notebooks
- Power adapters
- Docking stations

Features

- 32-bit MCU subsystem
 - 48-MHz Arm® Cortex®-M0 CPU
 - 128-KB Flash
 - 8-KB SRAM
- Integrated digital blocks
 - Up to four integrated timers and counters to meet response times required by the USB-PD protocol
 - Four run-time serial communication blocks (SCBs) with re-configurable I²C, SPI, or UART functionality
- Clocks and oscillators
 - Integrated oscillator eliminating the need for external clock
- Type-C and USB-PD support
 - Integrated USB Power Delivery 3.0 support (only PD 2.0 support for 33-ball CSP part)
 - Two integrated USB-PD BMC transceivers
 - Integrated UFP^[1] (R_D) and current sources for DFP^[2] (R_P) on both Type-C ports
 - Integrated dead battery termination for DRP (Power Source/Sink) applications
 - Supports two USB Type-C ports
 - Integrated VCONN FETs to power EMCA cables
 - Integrated fast role swap and extended data messaging (not supported for 33-ball CSP part)
- Low-power operation
 - 2.7-V to 5.5-V operation
 - Independent supply voltage pin for GPIO that allows 1.71-V to 5.5-V signaling on the I/Os
 - Reset: 1.0 μ A, Deep Sleep: 2.5 μ A, Sleep: 2.5 mA
- System-level ESD on CC pins
 - \pm 8-kV contact discharge and \pm 15-kV Air Gap Discharge based on IEC61000-4-2 level 4C (on 40-pin QFN and 33-ball CSP only)

Notes

1. UFP refers to Power Sink.
2. DFP refers to Power Source.

Logic block diagram

- Hot swappable I/Os
 - Port 0 I²C pins and CC1, CC2 pins are hot-swappable
- Packages
 - 4.0 mm × 4.0 mm, 0.5 mm, 24-pin QFN
 - 6.0 mm × 6.0 mm, 0.6 mm, 40-pin QFN
 - 2.4 mm x 2.5 mm, 0.5 mm, 33-ball CSP
 - Supports extended industrial temperature range (−40°C to +105°C)

Logic block diagram

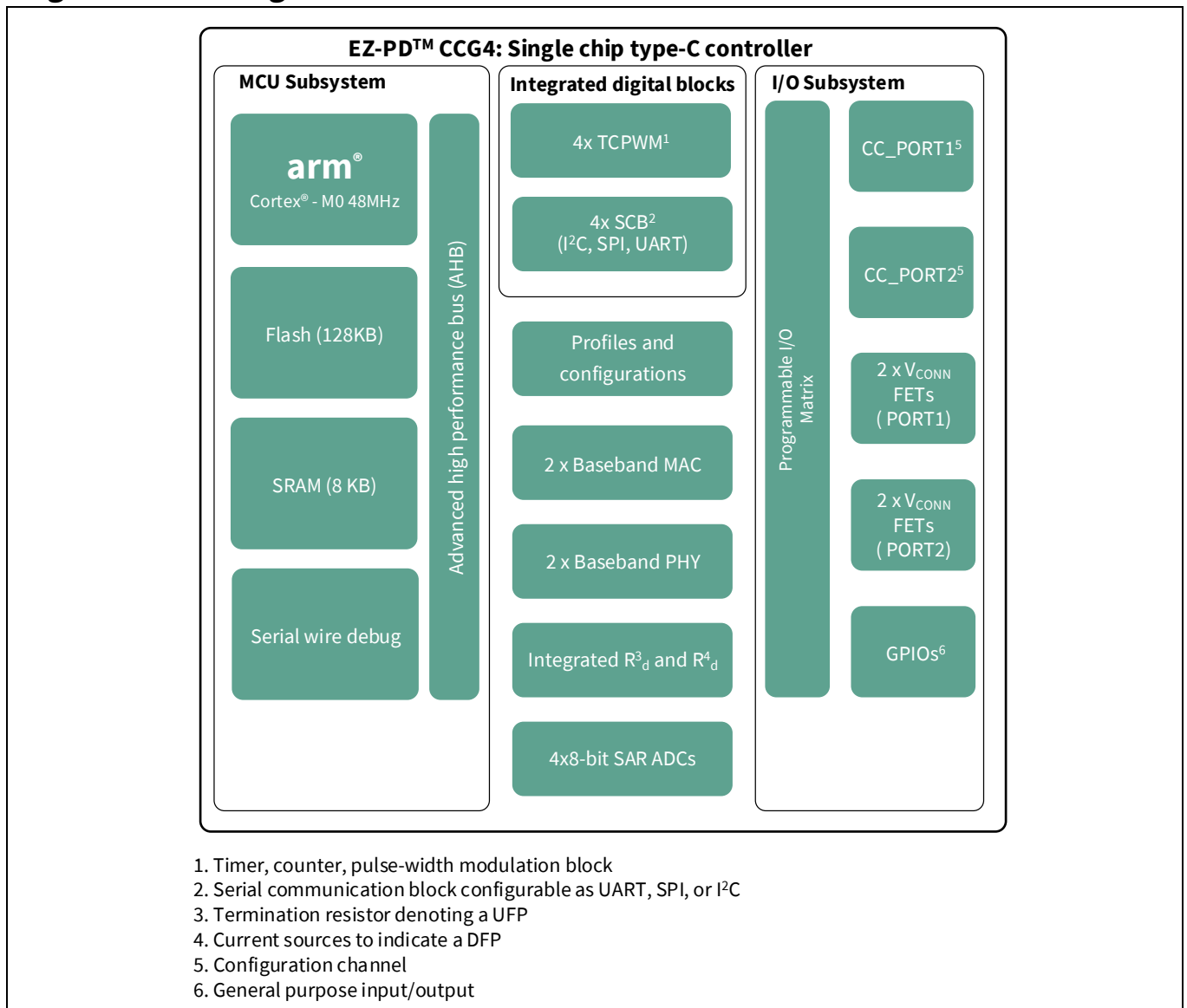


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1 Available firmware and software tools

1.1 EZ-PD™ configuration utility

The EZ-PD™ configuration utility is a GUI-based Microsoft® Windows application developed by Infineon to guide a CCGx user through the process of configuring and programming the chip. The utility allows users to:

1. Select and configure the parameters they want to modify
2. Program the resulting configuration onto the target CCGx device.

The utility works with the Infineon supplied CCG1, CCG2, CCG3, and CCG4 kits, which host the CCGx controllers along with a USB interface. This version of the EZ-PD™ Configuration Utility supports configuration and firmware update operations on CCGx controllers implementing EMCA and Display Dongle applications. Support for other applications, such as Power Adapters and Notebook port controllers, will be provided in later versions of the utility.

For the application and its associated documentation, see the [USB EZ-PD™ Configuration Utility](#) web page.

2 EZ-PD™ CCG4 block diagram

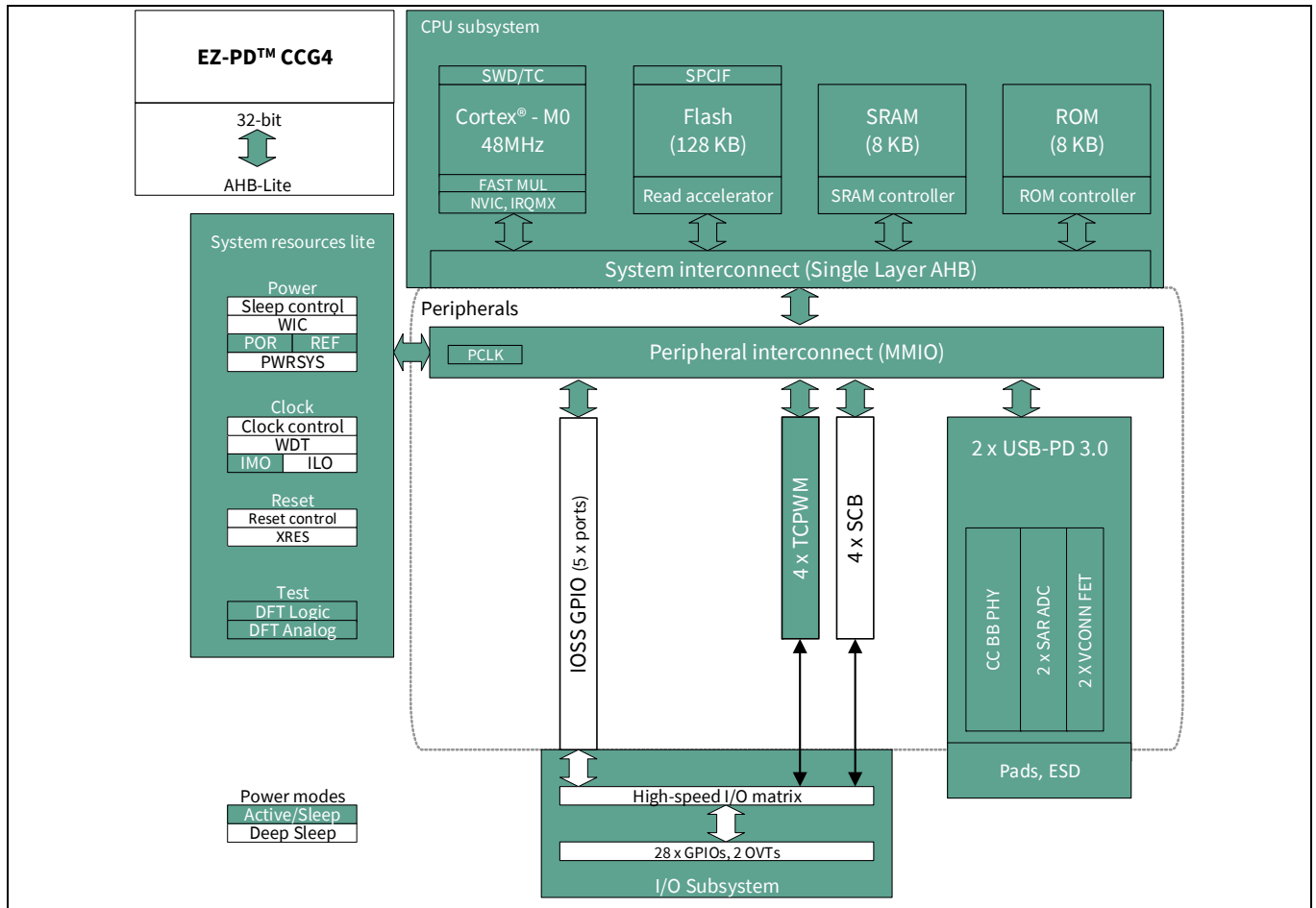


Figure 1 EZ-PD™ CCG4 block diagram

3 Functional overview

3.1 CPU and memory subsystem

3.1.1 CPU

The Cortex[®]-M0 CPU in CCG4 is part of the 32-bit MCU subsystem, which is optimized for low-power operation with extensive clock gating. It mostly uses 16-bit instructions and executes a subset of the Thumb-2 instruction set. This enables fully compatible binary upward migration of the code to higher performance processors such as the Cortex[®]-M3 and M4, thus enabling upward compatibility. The Infineon implementation includes a hardware multiplier that provides a 32-bit result in one cycle. It includes a nested vectored interrupt controller (NVIC) block with 32 interrupt inputs and also includes a wakeup interrupt controller (WIC). The WIC can wake the processor up from the Deep Sleep mode, allowing power to be switched off to the main processor when the chip is in the Deep Sleep mode. The Cortex[®]-M0 CPU provides a nonmaskable interrupt (NMI) input, which is made available to the user when it is not in use for system functions requested by the user.

The CPU also includes a serial wire debug (SWD) interface, which is a 2-wire form of JTAG. The debug configuration used for CCG4 has four break-point (address) comparators and two watchpoint (data) comparators.

3.1.2 Flash

The EZ-PD[™] CCG4 device has a flash module with a flash accelerator, tightly coupled to the CPU to improve average access times from the flash block. The flash block is designed to deliver two wait-states (WS) access time at 48 MHz and with 0-WS access time at 16 MHz. The flash accelerator delivers 85% of single-cycle SRAM access performance on average. Part of the flash module can be used to emulate EEPROM operation if required.

3.1.3 SROM

A supervisory ROM that contains boot and configuration routines is provided.

3.2 USB PD sub system (SS)

CCG4 has two USB PD sub systems consisting of USB Type-C baseband transceivers and physical-layer logic. These transceivers perform the BMC and the 4b/5b encoding and decoding functions as well as the 1.2-V analog front end. This subsystem integrates the required termination resistors to identify the role of the CCG4 solution. R_D is used to identify CCG4 as a UFP in a DRP application. When configured as a DFP, integrated current sources perform the role of R_P or pull-up resistors. These current sources can be programmed to indicate the complete range of current capacity on VBUS defined in the USB Type-C spec. CCG4 responds to all USB-PD communication.

The USB-PD sub-system contains two 8-bit SAR (successive approximation register) ADCs for analog to digital conversions. The ADCs include an 8-bit DAC and a comparator. The DAC output forms the positive input of the comparator. The negative input of the comparator is from a 4-input multiplexer. The four inputs of the multiplexer are a pair of global analog multiplex buses an internal bandgap voltage and an internal voltage proportional to the absolute temperature. All GPIO inputs can be connected to the global analog multiplex buses through a switch at each GPIO that can enable that GPIO to be connected to the mux bus for ADC use. The CC1 and CC2 pins of both Type-C ports are not available to connect to the mux buses.

To support the latest USB-PD 3.0 specification, CCG4 has implemented the fast role swap feature. Fast Role Swap enables externally powered docks and hubs to rapidly switch to bus power when their external power supply is removed. For more details, refer to Section 6.3.17 (FR_Swap Message) in the USB-PD 3.0 specification.

CCG4 is designed to be fully inter-operable with revision 3.0 of the USB Power Delivery specification as well as revision 2.0 of the USB Power Delivery specification.

CCG4 supports Extended Messages containing data of up to 260 bytes. The Extended Messages will be larger than expected by the USB-PD 2.0 hardware. To accommodate Revision 2.0 based systems, a Chunking mechanism is implemented such that Messages are limited to Revision 2.0 sizes unless it is discovered that both systems support the longer Message lengths.

Functional overview

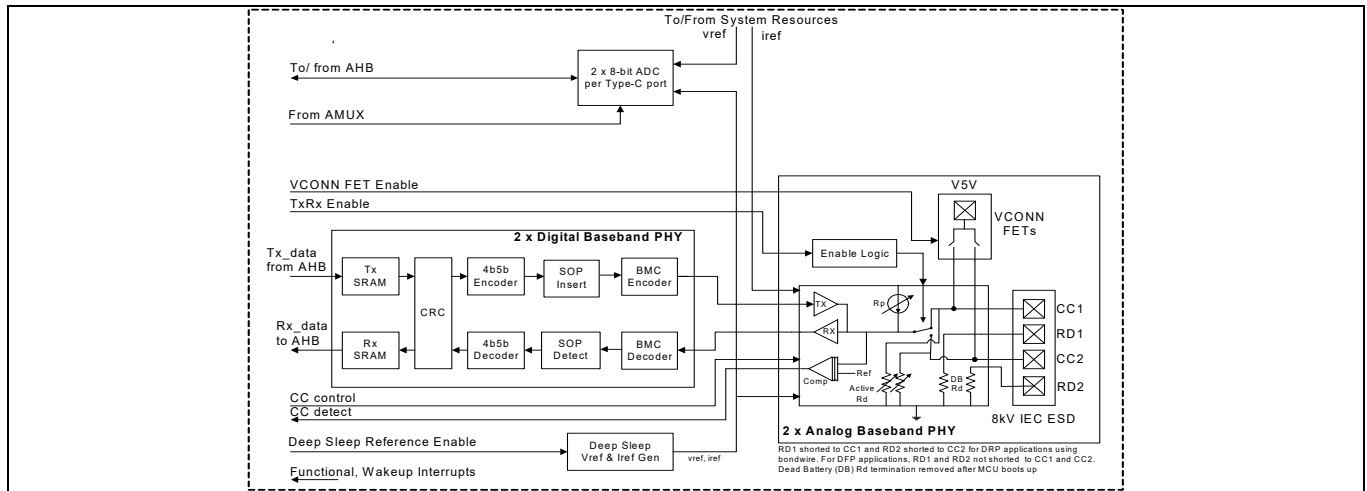


Figure 2 USB PD sub system

3.3 System resources

3.3.1 Power system

The power system is described in detail in the section **“Power”** section on page 20. It provides the assurance that voltage levels are as required for each respective mode and either delay mode entry (on power-on reset (POR), for example) until voltage levels are as required for proper function or generate resets (brown-out detect (BOD)) or interrupts (low voltage detect (LVD)). CCG4 can operate from three different power sources over the range of 2.7 to 5.5 V and has three different power modes, transitions between which are managed by the power system. CCG4 provides Sleep and Deep Sleep low-power modes.

3.3.2 Clock system

The clock system for CCG4 consists of the internal main oscillator (IMO) and the internal low-power oscillator (ILO).

3.4 Peripherals

3.4.1 Serial Communication Blocks (SCB)

CCG4 has four SCBs, which can be configured to implement an I²C, SPI, or UART interface. The hardware I²C blocks implement full multi-master and slave interfaces capable of multimaster arbitration. In the SPI mode, the SCB blocks can be configured to act as a master or a slave.

In the I²C mode, the SCB blocks are capable of operating at speeds up to 1 Mbps (Fast Mode Plus) and have flexible buffering options to reduce interrupt overhead and latency for the CPU. These blocks also support I²C that creates a mailbox address range in the memory of CCG4 and effectively reduce I²C communication to reading from and writing to an array in memory. In addition, the blocks support 8-deep FIFOs for receive and transmit which, by increasing the time given for the CPU to read data, greatly reduce the need for clock stretching caused by the CPU not having read data on time.

The I²C peripherals are compatible with the I²C Standard-mode, Fast-mode, and Fast-mode Plus devices as defined in the NXP I²C-bus specification and user manual (UM10204). The I²C bus I/Os are implemented with GPIO in open-drain modes.

The I²C port on SCB 1, SCB 2 and SCB 3 blocks of EZ-PD CCG4 are not completely compliant with the I²C spec in the following:

- The GPIO cells for SCB 1 to SCB 3 I²C port are not overvoltage-tolerant and, therefore, cannot be hot-swapped or powered up independently of the rest of the I²C system.

Functional overview

- Fast-mode Plus has an I_{OL} specification of 20 mA at a V_{OL} of 0.4 V. The GPIO cells can sink a maximum of 8-mA I_{OL} with a V_{OL} maximum of 0.6 V.
- Fast-mode and Fast-mode Plus specify minimum Fall times, which are not met with the GPIO cell; Slow strong mode can help meet this spec depending on the bus load.

3.4.2 Timer/counter/PWM block (TCPWM)

CCG4 has up to four TCPWM blocks. Each implements a 16-bit timer, counter, pulse-width modulator (PWM), and quadrature decoder functionality. The block can be used to measure the period and pulse width of an input signal (timer), find the number of times a particular event occurs (counter), generate PWM signals, or decode quadrature signals.

3.5 GPIO

CCG4 has 30 GPIOs that includes the I²C and SWD pins, which can also be used as GPIOs. The I²C pins from only SCB 0 are overvoltage-tolerant. The number of available GPIOs vary with the part numbers. The GPIO block implements the following:

- Seven drive strength modes:
 - Input only
 - Weak pull-up with strong pull-down
 - Strong pull-up with weak pull-down
 - Open drain with strong pull-down
 - Open drain with strong pull-up
 - Strong pull-up with strong pull-down
 - Weak pull-up with weak pull-down
- Input threshold select (CMOS or LVTTTL)
- Individual control of input and output buffer enabling/disabling in addition to the drive strength modes
- Hold mode for latching previous state (used for retaining I/O state in Deep Sleep mode)
- Selectable slew rates for dV/dt related noise control to improve EMI

During power-on and reset, the I/O pins are forced to the disable state so as not to crowbar any inputs and/or cause excess turn-on current. A multiplexing network known as a high-speed I/O matrix is used to multiplex between various signals that may connect to an I/O pin.

Pinouts

4 Pinouts

Table 1 Pinout for CYPD4225-40LQXIT, CYPD4226-40LQXIT, and CYPD4236-40LQXIT

| Group | Pin name | Pin number | ESD protection | Description |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|----------------|---|
| USB type-C port 0 | CC1_P0 | 9 | HBM, IEC | USB PD connector detect/Configuration Channel 1 |
| | CC2_P0 | 7 | HBM, IEC | USB PD connector detect/Configuration Channel 2 |
| USB type-C port 1 | CC1_P1 | 22 | HBM, IEC | USB PD connector detect/Configuration Channel 1 |
| | CC2_P1 | 24 | HBM, IEC | USB PD connector detect/Configuration Channel 2 |
| VBUS control | VBUS_P_CTRL_P0/P1.6 | 11 | HBM | Full rail control I/O for enabling/disabling Provider load FET of USB Type-C port 0 |
| | VBUS_C_CTRL_P0/P1.7 | 12 | HBM | Full rail control I/O for enabling/disabling Consumer load FET of USB Type-C port 0/SCB0 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | VBUS_P_CTRL_P1/P4.2 | 39 | HBM | Full rail control I/O for enabling/disabling Provider load FET of USB Type-C port 1 |
| | VBUS_C_CTRL_P1/P4.1 | 38 | HBM | Full rail control I/O for enabling/disabling Consumer load FET of USB Type-C port 1 |
| | VBUS_DISCHARGE_P0/P2.5 | 20 | HBM | I/O used for discharging VBUS line during voltage change |
| | VBUS_DISCHARGE_P1/P4.3 | 40 | HBM | I/O used for discharging VBUS line during voltage change |
| VCONN control | VCONN_MON_P0/P2.4 | 19 | HBM | VCONN_MON_P0 (Monitor VCONN for UVP condition on port 0)/GPIO |
| | SCL_2/VCONN_MON_P1/P2.7 | 25 | HBM | SCB2 (see Table 3 through Table 6) or VCONN_MON_P1 (Monitor VCONN for UVP condition on port 1) |
| Over-voltage protection (OVP) | OVP_TRIP_P0/P2.1 | 14 | HBM | VBUS over-voltage output indicator for port 0 (active LOW)/SCB0 (See Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | OVP_TRIP_P1/P3.0 | 21 | HBM | VBUS over-voltage output indicator for port 1 (active LOW)/SCB2 (See Table 3 through Table 6) |

Pinouts

Table 1 Pinout for CYPD4225-40LQXIT, CYPD4226-40LQXIT, and CYPD4236-40LQXIT (continued)

| Group | Pin name | Pin number | ESD protection | Description |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|------------|----------------|---|
| GPIOs and serial interfaces | VBUS_MON_P0/P2.0 | 13 | HBM | VBUS_MON_P0 (VBUS over-voltage protection monitoring signal)/GPIO |
| | HPD_P0/P2.3 | 18 | HBM | HPD_P0 (Hot Plug Detect I/O for port 0)/GPIO |
| | HPD_P1/P3.4 | 30 | HBM | HPD_P1 (Hot Plug Detect I/O for port 1)/GPIO |
| | MUX_CTRL_3_P1/OCP_DET_P1/P3.5 | 34 | HBM | MUX_CTRL_3_P1 (Mux control for port 1) or VBUS Overcurrent Protection Input for port 1 (active LOW) |
| | MUX_CTRL_2_P1/P3.6 | 35 | HBM | MUX_CTRL_2_P1 (Mux control for port 1)/SCB3 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | MUX_CTRL_1_P1/P3.7 | 36 | HBM | MUX_CTRL_1_P1 (Mux control for port 2)/SCB3 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | VBUS_MON_P1/P4.0 | 37 | HBM | VBUS_MON_P1 (VBUS over-voltage protection monitoring signal) |
| | VSEL_2_P1/P3.1 | 27 | HBM | VSEL_2_P1 (Voltage selection control for VBUS on port 1)/GPIO/SCB2 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | I2C_SCL_SCB0_EC/P0.1 | 17 | HBM | SCB0/SCB3 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | I2C_SDA_SCB0_EC/P0.0 | 16 | HBM | SCB0/SCB2 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | I2C_INT_EC/P2.2 | 15 | HBM | I2C Interrupt line |
| | I2C_SCL_SCB1_AR/VSEL_1_P1/P1.0 | 4 | HBM | SCB1 (see Table 3 through Table 6) or VSEL_1_P1 (Voltage selection control for VBUS on port 1) |
| | I2C_SDA_SCB1_AR/VSEL_1_P0/P1.3 | 3 | HBM | SCB0/SCB1 (see Table 3 through Table 6) or VSEL_1_P0 (Voltage selection control for VBUS on port 0) |
| | I2C_INT_AR_P0/OCP_DET_P0/P1.4 | 5 | HBM | I2C interrupt line or VBUS Overcurrent Protection Input for port 0 (active LOW) |
| | I2C_INT_AR_P1/P1.5 | 6 | HBM | I2C interrupt line/SCB0/SCB1 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | SDA_2/MUX_CTRL_3_P0/VSEL_2_P0/P2.6 | 26 | HBM | SCB2 (see Table 3 through Table 6) or MUX_CTRL_3_P1 (Mux control for port 0) or VSEL_2_P0 (Voltage selection control for VBUS on port 0) |
| | SCL_3/MUX_CTRL_1_P0/P3.3 | 29 | HBM | SCB3 (see Table 3 through Table 6) /MUX_CTRL_1_P0 (Mux control for port 0) |
| | SDA_3/MUX_CTRL_2_P0/P3.2 | 28 | HBM | SCB3 (see Table 3 through Table 6) /MUX_CTRL_2_P0 (Mux control for port 0) |
| | SWD_IO/AR_RST#/P1.1 | 1 | HBM | SWD_IO (serial wire debug I/O)/SCB1. (See Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | SWD_CLK/I2C_CFG_EC/P1.2 | 2 | HBM | SWD Clock/I2C_CFG_EC |
| Reset | XRES ^[3] | 10 | HBM | Reset input (active LOW) |

Pinouts

Table 1 Pinout for CYPD4225-40LQXIT, CYPD4226-40LQXIT, and CYPD4236-40LQXIT (continued)

| Group | Pin name | Pin number | ESD protection | Description |
|-------|----------|------------|----------------|---|
| Power | V5V_P0 | 8 | HBM | 2.7-V to 5.5-V supply for VCONN FET of Type-C port 0 |
| | V5V_P1 | 23 | HBM | 2.7-V to 5.5-V supply for VCONN FET of Type-C port 1 |
| | VDDIO | 32 | HBM | 1.71-V to 5.5-V supply for I/Os |
| | VCCD | 33 | HBM | 1.8-V regulator output for filter capacitor. This pin cannot drive external load. |
| | VDDD | 31 | HBM | VDDD supply input/output (2.7 V to 5.5 V) |
| | VSS | EPAD | HBM | Ground supply |

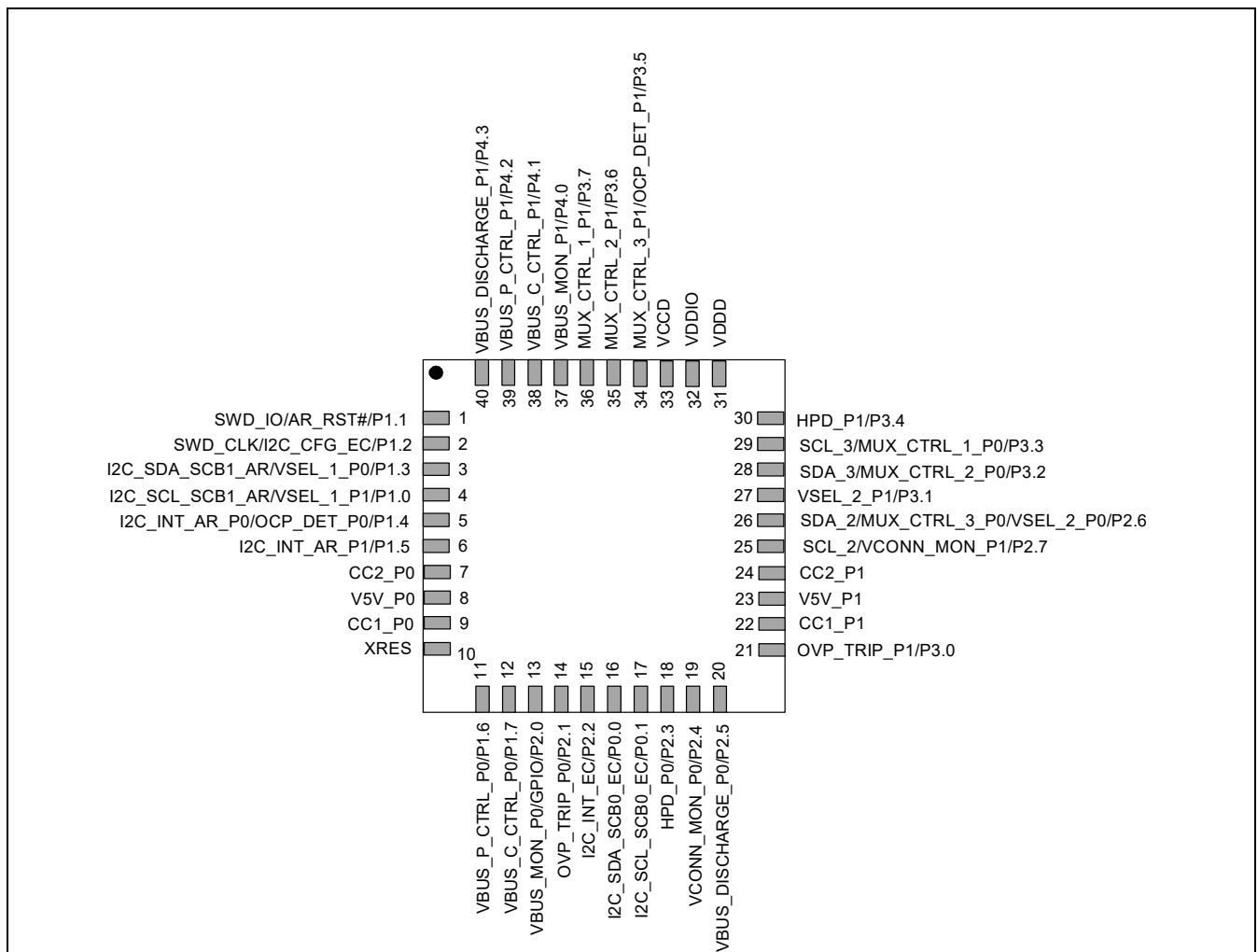


Figure 3 40-pin QFN pin map (Top view) for CYPD4225-40LQXIT, CYPD4226-40LQXIT, and CYPD4236-40LQXIT

Note

- This is firmware configurable GPIO. By default, this pin is floating. Firmware can add pull-up/pull-down and enable/disable I/O buffers.

Pinouts

Table 2 Pinout for CYPD4125-40LQXIT and CYPD4126-40LQXIT

| Group | Pin name | Pin number | ESD protection | Description |
|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------|----------------|---|
| USB type-C port 0 | CC1_P0 | 9 | HBM, IEC | USB PD connector detect/Configuration Channel 1 |
| | CC2_P0 | 7 | HBM, IEC | USB PD connector detect/Configuration Channel 2 |
| VBUS control | VBUS_P_CTRL_P0/P1.6 | 11 | HBM | Full rail control I/O for enabling/disabling. Provider load FET of USB Type-C port 0. |
| | VBUS_C_CTRL_P0/P1.7 | 12 | HBM | Full rail control I/O for enabling/disabling. Consumer load FET of USB Type-C port 0/SCB0 (see Table 3 through Table 6). |
| | VBUS_DISCHARGE_P0/P2.5 | 20 | HBM | I/O used for discharging VBUS line during voltage change |
| VCONN control | VCONN_MON_P0/P2.4 | 19 | HBM | VCONN_MON_P0 (Monitor VCONN for OVP condition on port 0)/GPIO |
| Overvoltage protection (OVP) | OVP_TRIP_P0/P2.1 | 14 | HBM | VBUS over-voltage output indicator for port 0 (active LOW)/SCB0 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| GPIOs and serial interfaces | P3.1 | 27 | HBM | SCB2 (see Table 3 through Table 6)/GPIO |
| | VBUS_MON_P0/P2.0 | 13 | HBM | VBUS_MON_P0 (VBUS over-voltage protection monitoring signal)/GPIO |
| | HPD_P0/P2.3 | 18 | HBM | HPD_P0 (Hot Plug Detect I/O for port 0)/GPIO |
| | P3.0 | 21 | HBM | GPIO/SCB2 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | P3.4 | 30 | HBM | GPIO |
| | P3.5 | 34 | HBM | GPIO |
| | P3.6 | 35 | HBM | GPIO/SCB3 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | P3.7 | 36 | HBM | GPIO/SCB3 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | P4.0 | 37 | HBM | GPIO |
| | P4.1 | 38 | HBM | |
| | P4.2 | 39 | HBM | |
| | P4.3 | 40 | HBM | |
| | I2C_S-CL_SCB0_EC/P0.1 | 17 | HBM | SCB0/SCB3 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | I2C_SDA_SCB0_EC/P0.0 | 16 | HBM | SCB0/SCB2 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | I2C_INT_EC/P2.2 | 15 | HBM | I2C interrupt line |
| | I2C_S-CL_SCB1_AR/P1.0 | 4 | HBM | SCB1 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | I2C_SDA_SCB1_AR/VSEL_1_P0/P1.3 | 3 | HBM | SCB0 or SCB1 (see Table 3 through Table 6) or voltage selection control for VBUS on port 0 |
| | I2C_INT_AR_P0/OCP_DET_P0/P1.4 | 5 | HBM | I2C interrupt line or VBUS Overcurrent Protection Input for port 0 (Active LOW) |

Pinouts

Table 2 Pinout for CYPD4125-40LQXIT and CYPD4126-40LQXIT (continued)

| Group | Pin name | Pin number | ESD protection | Description |
|-----------------------------|--|------------|----------------|--|
| GPIOs and serial interfaces | P1.5 | 6 | HBM | GPIO/SCB0/SCB1 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | SCL_2/P2.7 | 25 | HBM | GPIO/SCB2 (see Table 3 through Table 6) |
| | SDA_2/ MUX_CTRL_3_P0/ VSEL_2_P0/P2.6 | 26 | HBM | SCB2 (see Table 3 through Table 6) or MUX_CTRL_3_P0 (Mux control for port 0), or Voltage selection control for VBUS on port 0 |
| | SCL_3/ MUX_CTRL_1_P0/P3.3 | 29 | HBM | SCB3 (see Table 3 through Table 6) or MUX_CTRL_1_P0 (Mux control for port 0) |
| | SDA_3/ MUX_CTRL_2_P0/P3.2 | 28 | HBM | SCB3 (see Table 3 through Table 6) or MUX_CTRL_2_P0 (Mux control for port 0) |
| | SWD_IO/AR_RST#/P1.1 | 1 | HBM | Serial wire debug I/O (SWD IO)/SCB1. (see Table 3 through Table 6) or Alpine Ridge Reset. |
| | SWD_CLK/I2C_CFG_EC/P1.2 | 2 | HBM | SWD Clock/I2C_CFG_EC |
| Reset | XRES ^[4] | 10 | HBM | Reset input (active LOW) |
| Power | V5V_P0 | 8 | HBM | 2.7-V to 5.5-V supply for VCONN FET of Type-C port 0 |
| | VDDIO | 32 | HBM | 1.71-V to 5.5-V supply for I/Os |
| | VCCD | 33 | HBM | 1.8-V regulator output for filter capacitor. This pin cannot drive external load. |
| | VDDD | 31 | HBM | VDDD supply I/O (2.7 V to 5.5 V) |
| | VSS | EPAD | HBM | Ground supply |
| No connect | NC | 22 | - | These pins are not bonded |
| | NC | 23 | - | |
| | NC | 24 | - | |

Note

4. This is firmware configurable GPIO. By default, this pin is floating. Firmware can add pull-up/pull-down and enable/disable IO buffers.

Pinouts

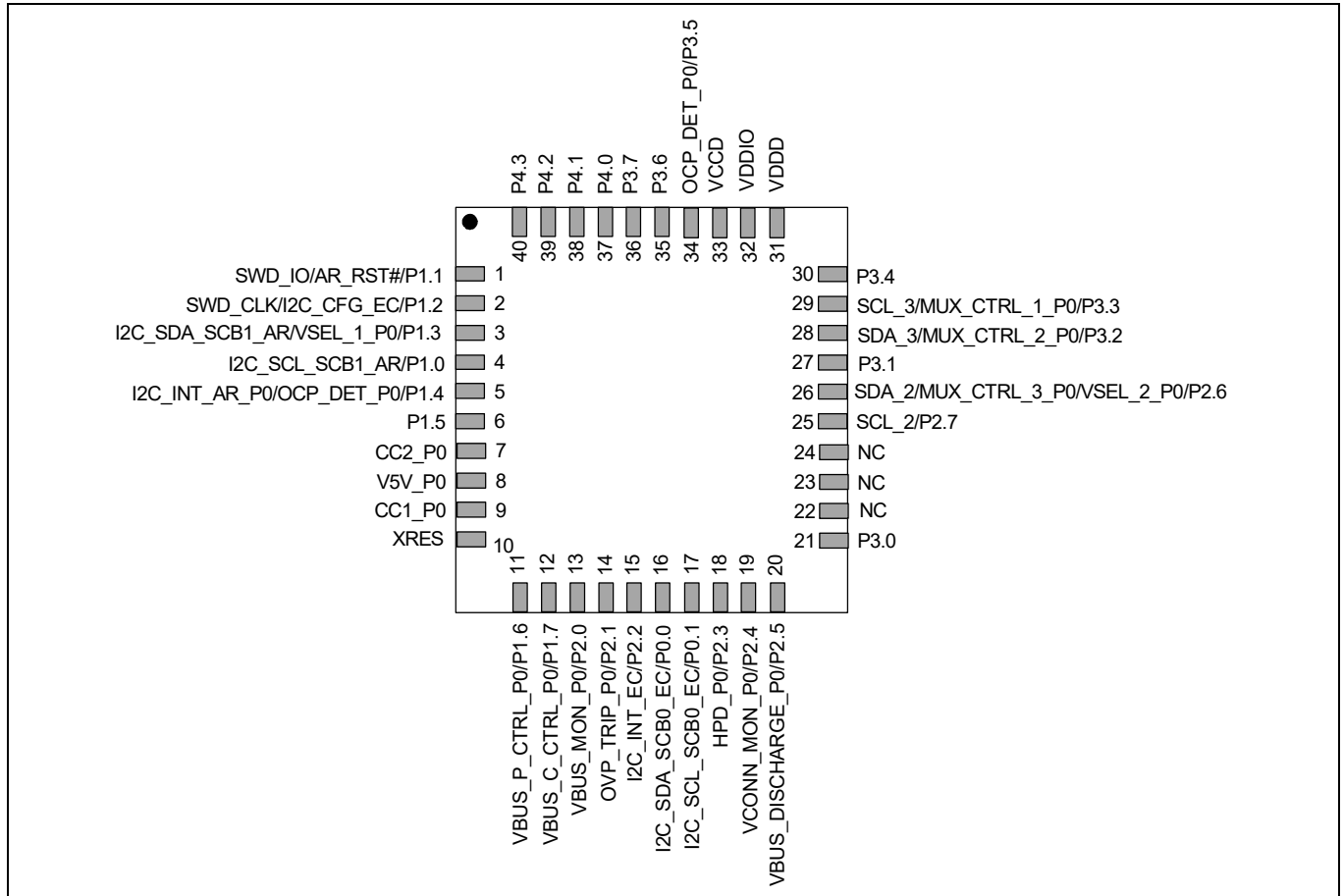


Figure 4 40-pin QFN pin map (Top view) for CYPD4125-40LQXIT and CYPD4126-40LQXIT

Pinouts

Table 3 Serial Communication Block (SCB0) configuration

| GPIO | UART | SPI master | SPI slave | I2C master | I2C slave |
|------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| P1.7 | UART_TX_SCB0 | SPI_MOSI_SCB0 | SPI_MOSI_SCB0 | I2C_SDA_SCB0 | I2C_SDA_SCB0 |
| P2.1 | UART_RX_SCB0 | SPI_CLK_SCB0 | SPI_CLK_SCB0 | I2C_SCL_SCB0 | I2C_SCL_SCB0 |
| P0.1 | UART_RTS_SCB0 | SPI_MISO_SCB0 | SPI_MISO_SCB0 | I2C_SCL_SCB0 | I2C_SCL_SCB0 |
| P0.0 | UART_CTS_SCB0 | SPI_SEL_SCB0 | SPI_SEL_SCB0 | I2C_SDA_SCB0 | I2C_SDA_SCB0 |
| P1.3 | - | SPI_SEL_SCB0 | SPI_SEL_SCB0 | - | - |
| P1.5 | - | SPI_MISO_SCB0 | SPI_MISO_SCB0 | - | - |

Table 4 Serial Communication Block (SCB1) configuration

| GPIO | UART | SPI master | SPI slave | I2C master | I2C slave |
|------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| P1.0 | UART_TX_SCB1 | SPI_CLK_SCB1 | SPI_CLK_SCB1 | I2C_SCL_SCB1 | I2C_SCL_SCB1 |
| P1.3 | UART_RX_SCB1 | SPI_MISO_SCB1 | SPI_MISO_SCB1 | I2C_SDA_SCB1 | I2C_SDA_SCB1 |
| P1.5 | UART_RTS_SCB1 | SPI_SEL_SCB1 | SPI_SEL_SCB1 | - | - |
| P1.1 | UART_CTS_SCB1 | SPI_MOSI_SCB1 | SPI_MOSI_SCB1 | - | - |

Table 5 Serial Communication Block (SCB2) configuration

| GPIO | UART | SPI master | SPI slave | I2C master | I2C slave |
|------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| P2.6 | UART_TX_SCB2 | SPI_MOSI_SCB2 | SPI_MOSI_SCB2 | I2C_SDA_SCB2 | I2C_SDA_SCB2 |
| P2.7 | UART_RX_SCB2 | SPI_MISO_SCB2 | SPI_MISO_SCB2 | I2C_SCL_SCB2 | I2C_SCL_SCB2 |
| P3.1 | UART_RTS_SCB2 | SPI_SEL_SCB2 | SPI_SEL_SCB2 | - | - |
| P0.0 | UART_RTS_SCB2 | SPI_SEL_SCB2 | SPI_SEL_SCB2 | - | - |
| P3.0 | UART_CTS_SCB2 | SPI_CLK_SCB2 | SPI_CLK_SCB2 | - | - |

Table 6 Serial Communication Block (SCB3) configuration

| GPIO | UART | SPI master | SPI slave | I2C master | I2C slave |
|------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| P3.2 | UART_TX_SCB3 | SPI_MOSI_SCB3 | SPI_MOSI_SCB3 | I2C_SDA_SCB3 | I2C_SDA_SCB3 |
| P3.3 | UART_RX_SCB3 | SPI_MISO_SCB3 | SPI_MISO_SCB3 | I2C_SCL_SCB3 | I2C_SCL_SCB3 |
| P3.7 | UART_RTS_SCB3 | SPI_SEL_SCB3 | SPI_SEL_SCB3 | - | - |
| P0.1 | UART_RTS_SCB3 | SPI_SEL_SCB3 | SPI_SEL_SCB3 | - | - |
| P3.6 | UART_CTS_SCB3 | SPI_CLK_SCB3 | SPI_CLK_SCB3 | - | - |

Pinouts

Table 7 CYPD4126-24LQXIT and CYPD4136-24LQXIT pin list

| Pin name | Pin number | ESD protection | Description |
|----------|------------|----------------|---|
| P1.2 | 1 | HBM | GPIO/SWD_CLK |
| P1.3 | 2 | HBM | GPIO |
| P1.5 | 3 | HBM | GPIO |
| CC2 | 4 | HBM | Configuration channel 2 |
| V5V | 5 | HBM | 2.7-V to 5.5-V supply for VCONN FET of Type-C |
| CC1 | 6 | HBM | Configuration channel 1 |
| XRES | 7 | HBM | Reset input (active LOW) |
| P1.7 | 8 | HBM | GPIO |
| P0.0 | 9 | HBM | SCB0_I2C_SDA |
| P0.1 | 10 | HBM | SCB0_I2C_SCL |
| P2.3 | 11 | HBM | HotPlug_Detect |
| P2.5 | 12 | HBM | GPIO/VBUS_DISCHARGE |
| P3.0 | 13 | HBM | GPIO |
| P2.6 | 14 | HBM | GPIO |
| P3.1 | 15 | HBM | GPIO |
| P3.2 | 16 | HBM | SCB3_I2C_SDA |
| P3.3 | 17 | HBM | SCB3_I2C_SCL |
| P3.4 | 18 | HBM | GPIO |
| GND | 19 | HBM | Ground supply |
| VDDD | 20 | HBM | VDDD supply input/output (2.7 V to 5.5 V) |
| VDDIO | 21 | HBM | 1.71-V to 5.5-V supply for I/Os |
| VCCD | 22 | HBM | 1.8-V regulator output for filter capacitor. This pin cannot drive external load. |
| P3.6 | 23 | HBM | GPIO |
| P1.1 | 24 | HBM | GPIO/SWD_DATA |
| VSS | 25/EPAD | HBM | Ground supply |

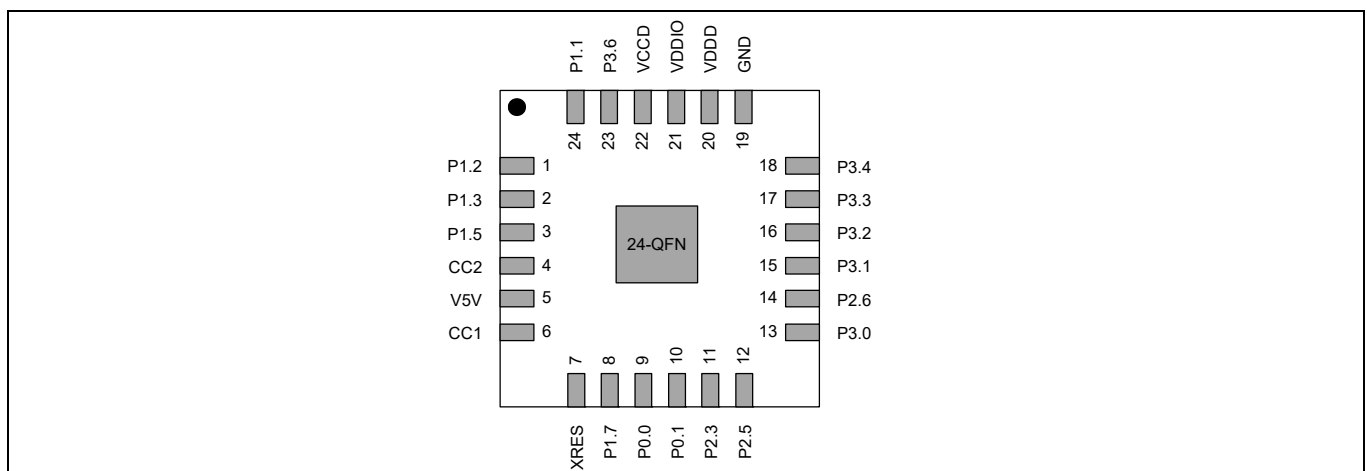


Figure 5 24-pin QFN pin map for CYPD4126-24LQXIT and CYPD4136-24LQXIT

Pinouts

Table 8 CYPD4225A0-33FNXIT pin list

| Pin name | CCG4 ball # | ESD protection | Description |
|----------|-------------|----------------|--|
| P3.1 | C6 | HBM | GPIO |
| P3.6 | A6 | HBM | GPIO |
| P0.0 | F5 | HBM | GPIO/optional SWD_DATA |
| P0.1 | G8 | HBM | GPIO/optional SWD_CLK |
| P1.0 | C10 | HBM | GPIO |
| P1.1 | B11 | HBM | GPIO/SWD_DATA |
| P1.2 | A10 | HBM | GPIO/SWD_CLK |
| P1.3 | B9 | HBM | GPIO |
| P1.5 | B7 | HBM | GPIO |
| P1.7 | G10 | HBM | GPIO |
| P2.1 | F7 | HBM | GPIO |
| P2.3 | G6 | HBM | GPIO |
| P2.6 | D5 | HBM | GPIO |
| P2.7 | D3 | HBM | GPIO |
| P3.0 | G4 | HBM | GPIO |
| P3.2 | C2 | HBM | GPIO |
| P3.3 | C4 | HBM | GPIO |
| P3.4 | B1 | HBM | GPIO |
| CC2_P0 | D9 | HBM, IEC | USB PD connector detect/ Configuration Channel 2 - Port 0. This pin can be hot swappable. |
| V5V_P0 | E10 | HBM | 5V supply for VCONN FETs - Port 0. |
| CC1_P0 | E8 | HBM, IEC | USB PD connector detect/ Configuration Channel 1 - Port 0. This pin can be hot swappable. RD1_P0 is shorted to CC1_P0. |
| XRES | F9 | HBM | Reset input. |
| CC1_P1 | F3 | HBM, IEC | USB PD connector detect/ Configuration Channel 1 - Port 1. This pin can be hot swappable. RD1_P1 is shorted to CC1_P1. |
| V5V_P1 | E4 | HBM | 5V supply for VCONN FETs - Port 1. |
| CC2_P1 | E2 | HBM, IEC | USB PD connector detect/ Configuration Channel 2- Port 1. This pin can be hot swappable. |
| VDDD | B3 | HBM | VDDD supply input/output (2.7 V to 5.5 V) |
| VDDIO | B5 | HBM | 1.71-V to 5.5-V supply for I/Os |
| VCCD | A8 | HBM | 1.8-V regulator output for filter capacitor. This pin cannot drive external load. |
| VSS | A2, C8, G2 | HBM | Ground supply |
| RD2_P0 | D7 | HBM | Rd for Port 0. |
| RD2_P1 | E6 | HBM | Rd for Port 1. |

Pinouts

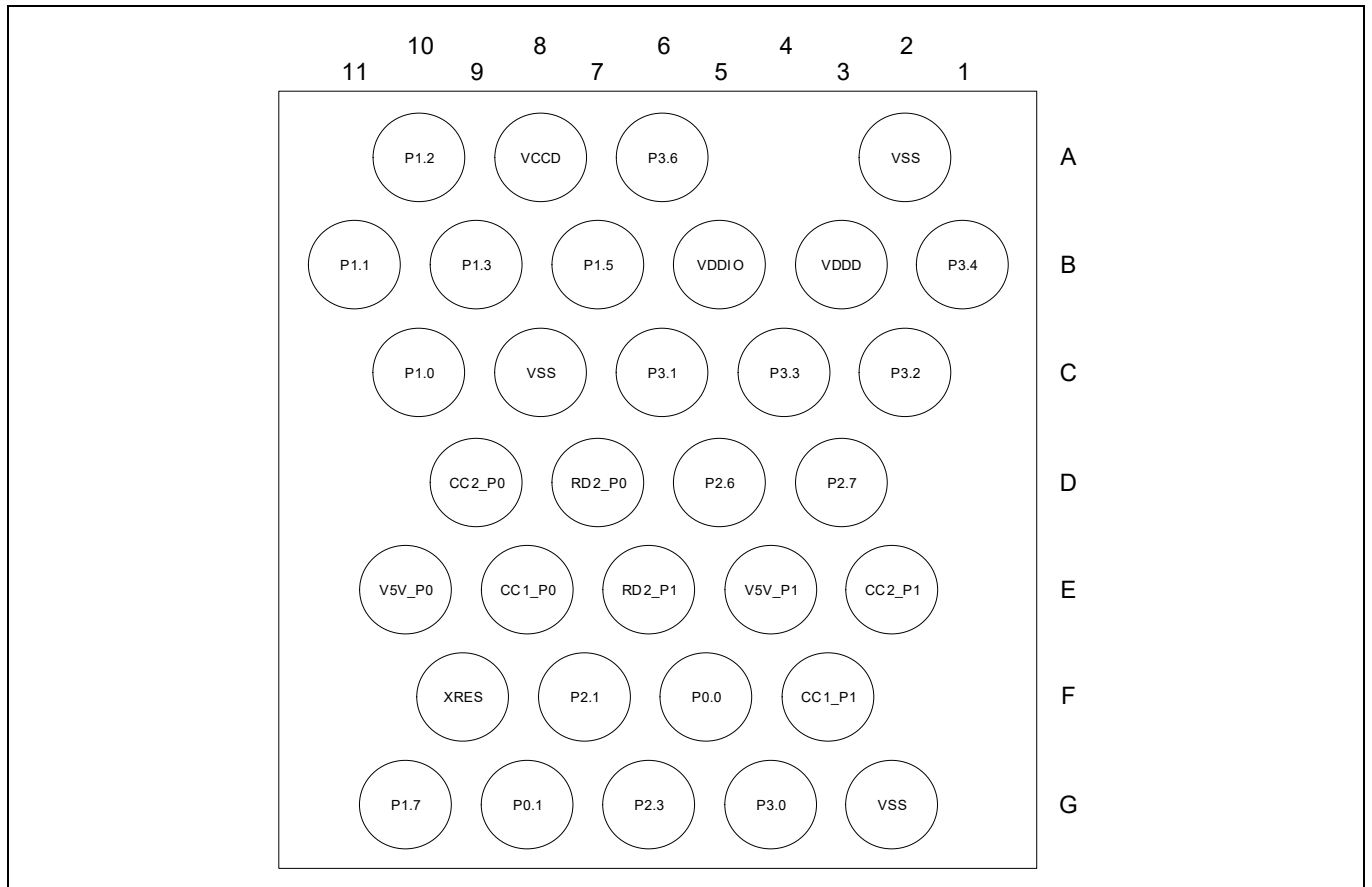


Figure 6 33-CSP ball map for CYPD4225A0-FNXIT (bottom view)

5 Power

The following power system diagram shows the set of power supply pins as implemented in EZ-PD™ CCG4.

CCG4 will be able to operate from three possible external supply sources: V5V_P0 for first Type-C port, V5V_P1 for second Type-C port and VDDD.

CCG4 has the power supply input V5V_P0 and V5V_P1 pins for providing power to EMCA cables through integrated VCONN FETs. There are two VCONN FETs in CCG4 per Type-C port to power either CC1 or CC2 pin. These FETs are capable of providing a minimum of 1W on the CC1 and CC2 pins for the EMCA cables. In USB-PD applications, the valid levels on V5V_P0 and V5V_P1 supplies can range from 4.85 V to 5.5 V.

The device's internal operating power supply is derived from VDDD. In UFP mode, CCG4 operates in 2.7 V– 5.5V. In DFP and DRP modes, it operates in the 3.0 V–5.5 V range.

A separate I/O supply pin, VDDIO, allows the GPIOs to operate at levels from 1.71 V to 5.5 V. The VDDIO pin can be equal to or less than the voltages connected to the V5V_P0 or V5V_P1 and VDDD pins. The VDDIO supply should be less than or equal to VDDD supply.

The VCCD output of CCG4 must be bypassed to ground via an external capacitor (in the range of 80 to 120 nF; X5R ceramic or better).

Bypass capacitors must be used from VDDD and V5V_P0 or V5V_P1 pins to ground; typical practice for systems in this frequency range is to use a 0.1-μF capacitor on VDDD, V5V_P0 and V5V_P1. Note that these are simply rules of thumb; for critical applications, the PCB layout, lead inductance, and the bypass capacitor parasitic should be simulated to design and obtain optimal bypassing.

Figure 7 shows an example of the power supply bypass capacitors.

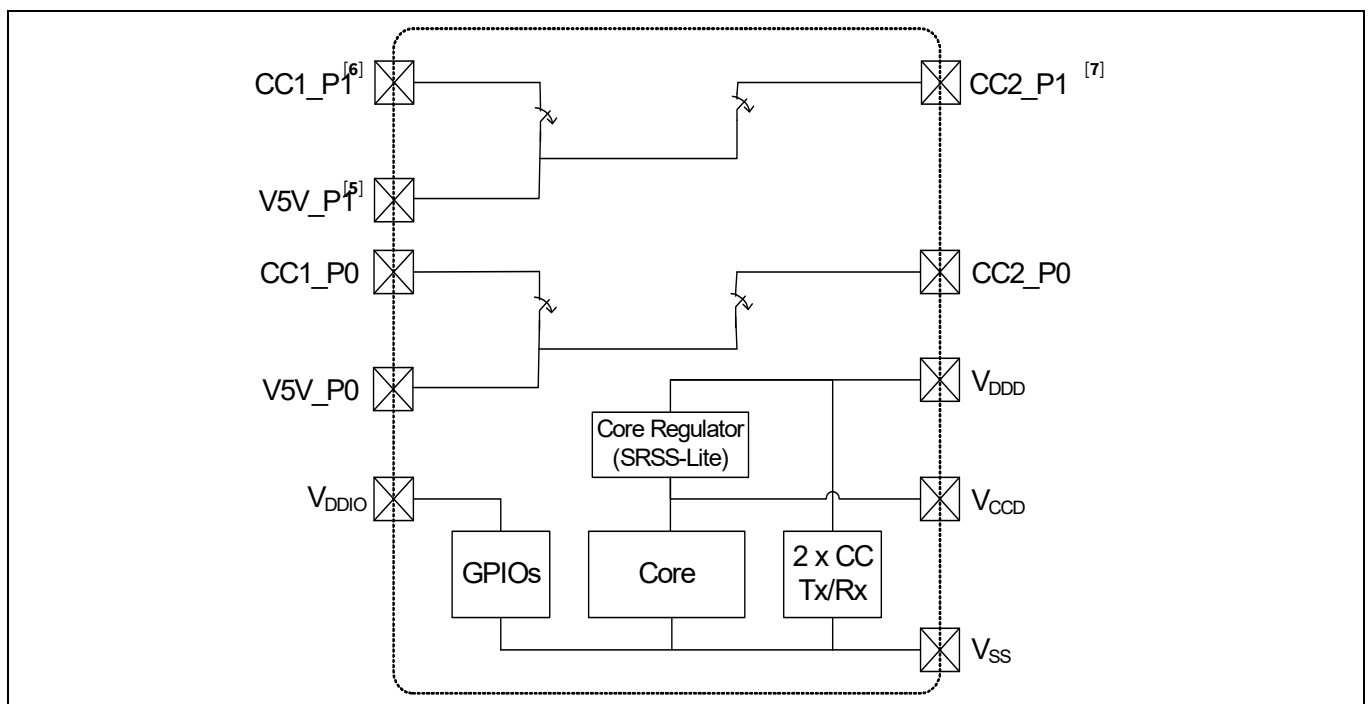


Figure 7 EZ-PD™ CCG4 power and bypass scheme example

Notes

5. V5V_P0 denoted power supply input for Type-C port 0
V5V_P1 denoted power supply input for Type-C port 1
6. CC1_P0:USB PD connector detect/Configuration Channel 1 for Type-C port 0
CC1_P1:USB PD connector detect/Configuration Channel 1 for Type-C port 1
7. CC2_P0:USB PD connector detect/Configuration Channel 2 for Type-C port 0
CC2_P1:USB PD connector detect/Configuration Channel 2 for Type-C port 1

6 Application diagrams

Figure 8 and **Figure 9** show a dual Type-C port and a single Type-C port Notebook DRP application diagram using a EZ-PD™ CCG4 device. The Type-C port can be used as a power provider or a power consumer.

In each of these applications, CCG4 communicates with the Embedded Controller (EC), which manages the Battery Charger Controller (BCC) to control the charging and discharging of internal battery. It also controls the Data Mux to route the High-speed signals either to the USB chipset (during normal mode) or the DisplayPort Chipset (during Alternate Mode). The SBU, SuperSpeed, and High-speed lines are routed directly from the Display Mux of the notebook to the Type-C receptacle.

For the dual Type-C notebook application, these Type-C ports can be power providers or power consumers simultaneously. In addition, the CCG4 device controls the transfer of DisplayPort signals over the Type-C interface using the display mux controllers.

Optional FETs are provided for applications that need to provide power for accessories and cables using VCONN pin of the Type-C receptacle. VBUS FETs are also used for providing power over VBUS and for consuming power over VBUS. A VBUS_DISCHARGE FET controlled by CCG4 device is used to quickly discharge VBUS after the Type-C connection is detached.

Application diagrams

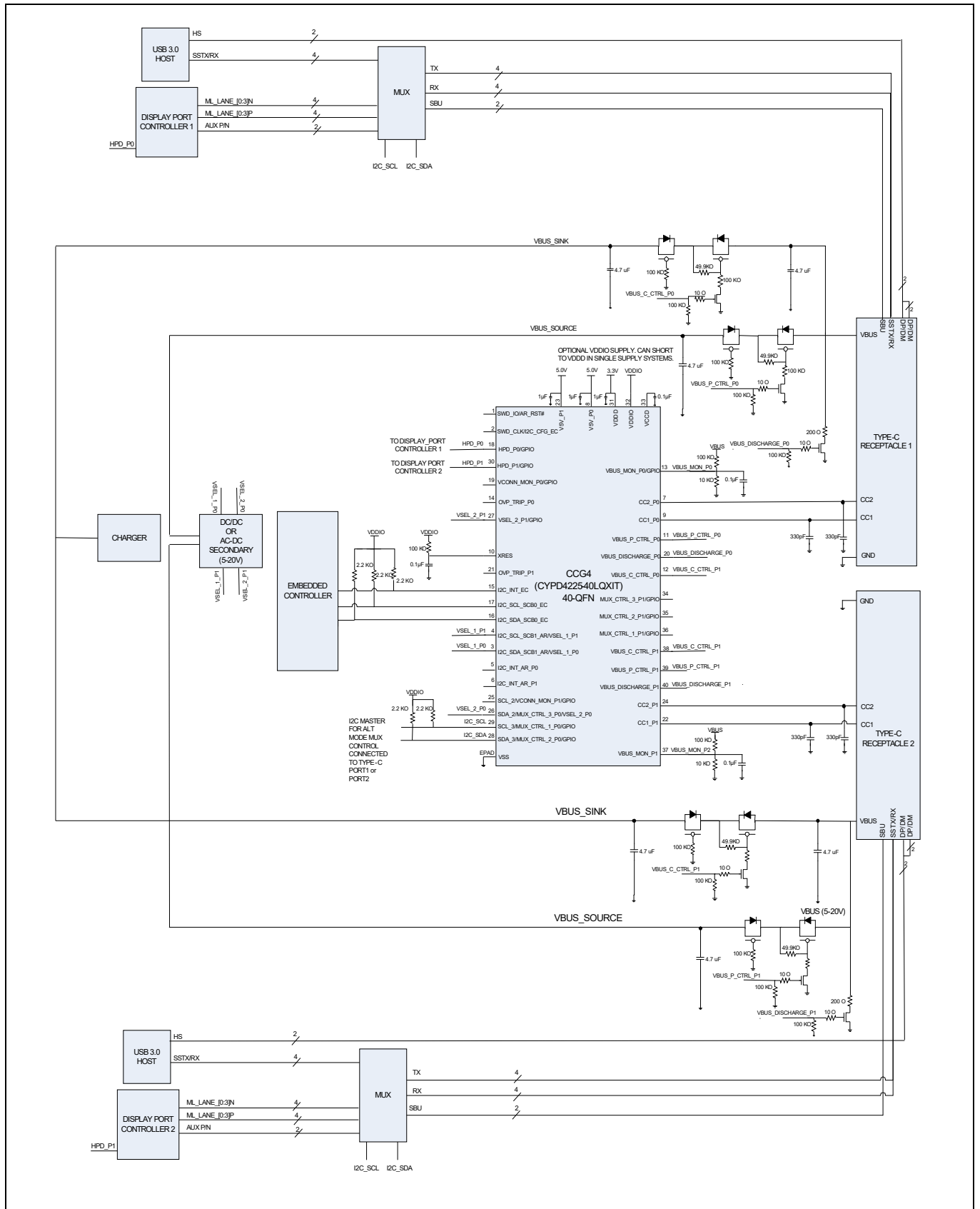


Figure 8 CCG4 in a dual port notebook application using CYPD4225-40LQXIT

Application diagrams

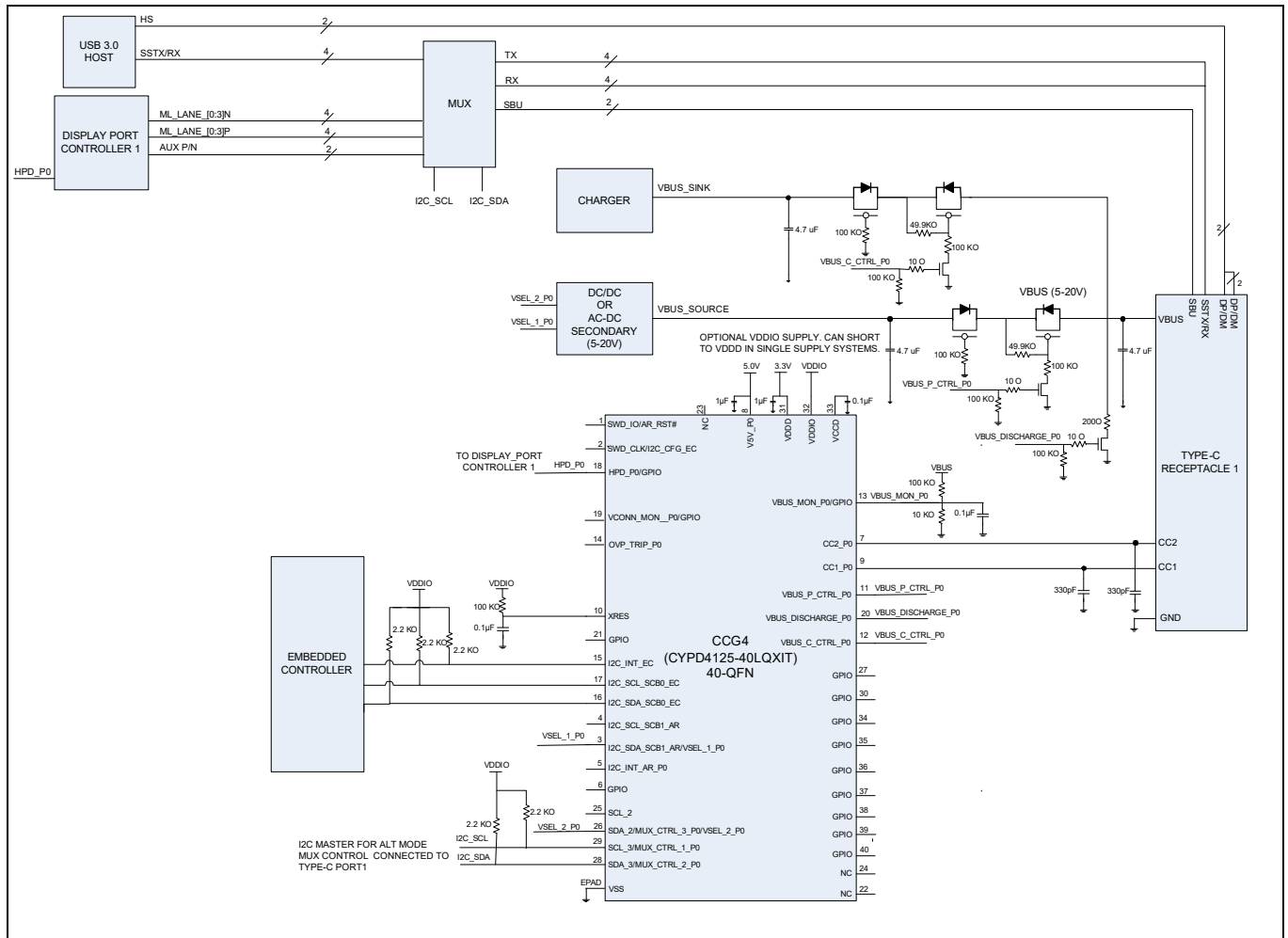


Figure 9 CCG4 in a single port notebook application using CYPD4125-40LQXIT

7 Electrical specifications

7.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 9 Absolute maximum ratings^[8]

| Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|-----------------------------|--|-------|-----|-------------------------|------|--|
| V _{DDD_MAX} | Digital supply relative to V _{SS} | -0.5 | - | 6 | V | Absolute max |
| V5V_P0 | Max supply voltage relative to V _{SS} | - | - | 6 | V | Absolute max |
| V5V_P1 | Max supply voltage relative to V _{SS} | - | - | 6 | V | Absolute max |
| V _{DDIO_MAX} | Max supply voltage relative to V _{SS} | - | - | 6 | V | Absolute max |
| V _{GPIO_ABS} | GPIO voltage | -0.5 | - | V _{DDIO} + 0.5 | V | Absolute max |
| I _{GPIO_ABS} | Maximum current per GPIO | -25 | - | 25 | mA | Absolute max |
| I _{GPIO_injection} | GPIO injection current, Max for V _{IH} > V _{DDD} , and Min for V _{IL} < V _{SS} | -0.5 | - | 0.5 | mA | Absolute max, current injected per pin |
| ESD_HBM | Electrostatic discharge human body model | 2200 | - | - | V | - |
| ESD_CDM | Electrostatic discharge charged device model | 500 | - | - | V | - |
| LU | Pin current for latch-up | -200 | - | 200 | mA | - |
| ESD_IEC_CON | Electrostatic discharge IEC61000-4-2 | 8000 | - | - | V | Contact discharge on CC1 and CC2 pins |
| ESD_IEC_AIR | Electrostatic discharge IEC61000-4-2 | 15000 | - | - | V | Air discharge for pins CC1 and CC2 |

Note

8. Usage above the absolute maximum conditions listed in [Table 9](#) may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods of time may affect device reliability. The maximum storage temperature is 150 °C in compliance with JEDEC Standard JESD22-A103, High Temperature Storage Life. When used below absolute maximum conditions but above normal operating conditions, the device may not operate to specification.

Electrical specifications

7.2 Device level specifications

All specifications are valid for $-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_A \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $T_J \leq 100^{\circ}\text{C}$, except where noted. Specifications are valid for 3.0 V to 5.5 V, except where noted.

Table 10 DC specifications

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|-------------|-------------------|--|------|-----|-----|------|-----------------------|
| SID.PWR#1 | V _{DDD} | Power supply input voltage | 2.7 | - | 5.5 | V | UFP applications |
| SID.PWR#1_A | V _{DDD} | Power supply input voltage | 3.15 | - | 5.5 | V | DFP/DRP applications |
| SID.PWR#26 | V5V_P0, V5V_P1 | Power supply input voltage | 4.85 | - | 5.5 | V | - |
| PWR#13 | V _{DDIO} | GPIO power supply | 1.71 | - | 5.5 | V | - |
| SID.PWR#24 | V _{CCD} | Output voltage (for core logic) | - | 1.8 | - | V | - |
| SID.PWR#15 | C _{EFC} | External regulator voltage bypass on V _{CCD} | 80 | 100 | 120 | nF | X5R ceramic or better |
| SID.PWR#16 | C _{EXC} | Power supply decoupling capacitor on V _{DDD} | 0.8 | 1 | - | μF | X5R ceramic or better |
| SID.PWR#27 | C _{EXV} | Power supply decoupling capacitor on V5V_P0 and V5V_P1 | - | 0.1 | - | μF | X5R ceramic or better |

Active mode, V_{DDD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V. Typical values measured at V_{DD} = 3.3 V.

| | | | | | | | |
|-----------|-------------------|----------------|---|----|---|----|--|
| SID.PWR#4 | I _{DD12} | Supply current | - | 10 | - | mA | V5V_P0 and V5V_P1 = 5 V, T _A = 25°C, CC I/O IN Transmit or Receive, no I/O sourcing current, CPU at 24 MHz, two PD ports active |
|-----------|-------------------|----------------|---|----|---|----|--|

Sleep mode, V_{DDD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V

| | | | | | | | |
|--------|--------------------|--|---|-----|-----|----|---|
| SID25A | I _{DD20A} | I ² C wakeup WDT ON IMO at 48 MHz | - | 2.5 | 4.0 | mA | V _{DDD} = 3.3 V, T _A = 25°C, all blocks except CPU are ON, CC I/O ON, no I/O sourcing current |
|--------|--------------------|--|---|-----|-----|----|---|

Deep Sleep mode, V_{DDD} = 2.7 to 3.6 V (Regulator on)

| | | | | | | | |
|---------|---------------------|--|---|-----|---|----|--|
| SID34 | I _{DD29} | V _{DDD} = 2.7 to 3.6 V I ² C wakeup and WDT ON | - | 80 | - | μA | V _{DDD} = 3.3 V, T _A = 25°C |
| SID_DS | I _{DD_DS} | V _{DDD} = 2.7 to 3.6 V CC wakeup ON | - | 2.5 | - | μA | Power source = V _{DDD} , Type-C not attached, CC enabled for wakeup, R _P disabled |
| SID_DS1 | I _{DD_DS1} | V _{DDD} = 2.7 to 3.6 V CC wakeup ON | - | 100 | - | μA | Power source = V _{DDD} , Type-C not attached, CC enabled for wakeup, R _P and R _D connected at 70 ms intervals by CPU. R _P , R _D connection should be enabled for both PD ports. |

Electrical specifications

Table 10 DC specifications (continued)

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|---------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|--------------------|
| XRES current | | | | | | | |
| SID307 | I _{DD_XR} | Supply current while XRES asserted | - | 1 | 10 | μA | - |

Table 11 AC specifications

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|------------|------------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|------|---|
| SID.CLK#4 | F _{CPU} | CPU frequency | DC | - | 48 | MHz | 3.0 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V |
| SID.PWR#20 | T _{SLEEP} | Wakeup from sleep mode | - | 0 | - | μs | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID.PWR#21 | T _{DEEPSLEEP} | Wakeup from Deep Sleep mode | - | - | 35 | μs | 24-MHz IMO. Guaranteed by characterization. |
| SID.XRES#5 | T _{XRES} | External reset pulse width | 5 | - | - | μs | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SYS.FES#1 | T _{PWR_RDY} | Power-up to "Ready to accept I ² C / CC command" | - | 5 | 25 | ms | Guaranteed by characterization |

Electrical specifications

7.2.1 I/O

Table 12 I/O DC specifications

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|-------------|-----------------|---|------------------------|-----|-----------------------|---------------|--|
| SID.GIO#37 | $V_{IH}^{[9]}$ | Input voltage HIGH threshold | $0.7 \times V_{DDIO}$ | - | - | V | CMOS input |
| SID.GIO#38 | V_{IL} | Input voltage LOW threshold | - | - | $0.3 \times V_{DDIO}$ | V | CMOS input |
| SID.GIO#39 | $V_{IH}^{[9]}$ | LVTTL input, $V_{DDIO} < 2.7$ V | $0.7 \times V_{DDIO}$ | - | - | V | - |
| SID.GIO#40 | V_{IL} | LVTTL input, $V_{DDIO} < 2.7$ V | - | - | $0.3 \times V_{DDIO}$ | V | - |
| SID.GIO#41 | $V_{IH}^{[9]}$ | LVTTL input, $V_{DDIO} \geq 2.7$ V | 2.0 | - | - | V | - |
| SID.GIO#42 | V_{IL} | LVTTL input, $V_{DDIO} \geq 2.7$ V | - | - | 0.8 | V | - |
| SID.GIO#33 | V_{OH} | Output voltage HIGH level | $V_{DDIO} - 0.6$ | - | - | V | $I_{OH} = 4$ mA at $3V V_{DDIO}$ |
| SID.GIO#34 | V_{OH} | Output voltage HIGH level | $V_{DDIO} - 0.5$ | - | - | V | $I_{OH} = 1$ mA at $1.8V V_{DDIO}$ |
| SID.GIO#35 | V_{OL} | Output voltage LOW level | - | - | 0.4 | V | $I_{OL} = 4$ mA at $1.8V V_{DDIO}$ |
| SID.GIO#36 | V_{OL} | Output voltage LOW level | - | - | 0.6 | V | $I_{OL} = 8$ mA at $3V V_{DDIO}$ |
| SID.GIO#5 | R_{PULLUP} | Pull-up resistor | 3.5 | 5.6 | 8.5 | k Ω | - |
| SID.GIO#6 | $R_{PULLDOWN}$ | Pull-down resistor | 3.5 | 5.6 | 8.5 | k Ω | - |
| SID.GIO#16 | I_{IL} | Input leakage current (absolute value) | - | - | 2 | nA | 25°C , $V_{DDIO} = 3.0$ V |
| SID.GIO#17 | C_{IN} | Input capacitance | - | - | 7 | pF | - |
| SID.GIO#43 | V_{HYSTTL} | Input hysteresis LVTTL | 25 | 40 | - | mV | $V_{DDIO} \geq 2.7$ V. Guaranteed by characterization. |
| SID.GPIO#44 | $V_{HYSCMOS}$ | Input hysteresis CMOS | $0.05 \times V_{DDIO}$ | - | - | mV | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID69 | I_{DIODE} | Current through protection diode to V_{DDIO}/V_{SS} | - | - | 100 | μA | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID.GIO#45 | I_{TOT_GPIO} | Maximum total source or sink chip current | - | - | 200 | mA | Guaranteed by characterization |

Note

9. V_{IH} must not exceed $V_{DDIO} + 0.2$ V.

Electrical specifications

Table 13 I/O AC specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|---------|-------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|------|------------------------------------|
| SID70 | T_{RISEF} | Rise time | 2 | - | 12 | ns | 3.3-V V_{DDIO} , Clod = 25 pF |
| SID71 | T_{FALLF} | Fall time | 2 | - | 12 | ns | 3.3-V V_{DDIO} , Clod = 25 pF |

7.2.2 XRES

Table 14 XRES DC specifications

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|------------|---------------|------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|------------------------|------|--------------------------------|
| SID.XRES#1 | V_{IH} | Input voltage HIGH threshold | $0.7 \times V_{DDIO}$ | - | - | V | CMOS input |
| SID.XRES#2 | V_{IL} | Input voltage LOW threshold | - | - | $0.3 \times V_{DDIO}$ | V | CMOS input |
| SID.XRES#3 | C_{IN} | Input capacitance | - | - | 7 | pF | - |
| SID.XRES#4 | $V_{HYSXRES}$ | Input voltage hysteresis | - | - | $0.05 \times V_{DDIO}$ | mV | Guaranteed by characterization |

7.3 Digital peripherals

The following specifications apply to the Timer/Counter/PWM peripherals in the Timer mode.

7.3.1 Pulse-width modulation (PWM) for GPIO pins

Table 15 PWM AC specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|--------------|----------------|------------------------------|-----|------|-----|------|--|
| SID.TCPWM.3 | $T_{CPWMFREQ}$ | Operating frequency | - | Fc | - | MHz | Fc max = CLK_SYS. Maximum = 48 MHz |
| SID.TCPWM.4 | $T_{PWMENEXT}$ | Input trigger pulse width | - | 2/Fc | - | ns | For all trigger events |
| SID.TCPWM.5 | T_{PWMEXT} | Output trigger pulse width | - | 2/Fc | - | ns | Minimum possible width of Overflow, Underflow, and CC (Counter equals Compare value) outputs |
| SID.TCPWM.5A | T_{CRES} | Resolution of counter | - | 1/Fc | - | ns | Minimum time between successive counts |
| SID.TCPWM.5B | PWM_{RES} | PWM resolution | - | 1/Fc | - | ns | Minimum pulse width of PWM output |
| SID.TCPWM.5C | Q_{RES} | Quadrature inputs resolution | - | 1/Fc | - | ns | Minimum pulse width between quadrature-phase inputs |

Electrical specifications

7.3.2 I²C

Table 16 Fixed I²C AC specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|---------|-------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|------|--------------------|
| SID153 | F _{I2C1} | Bit rate | - | - | 1 | Mbps | - |

7.3.3 UART

Table 17 Fixed UART AC specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|---------|-------------------|-------------|-----|-----|-----|------|--------------------|
| SID162 | F _{UART} | Bit rate | - | - | 1 | Mbps | - |

7.3.4 SPI

Table 18 Fixed SPI AC specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|---------|------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|------|--------------------|
| SID166 | F _{SPI} | SPI operating frequency (Master; 6X oversampling) | - | - | 8 | MHz | - |

Table 19 Fixed SPI Master Mode AC specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|---------|------------------|---|-----|-----|-----|------|----------------------------------|
| SID167 | T _{DMO} | MOSI valid after SClock driving edge | - | - | 15 | ns | - |
| SID168 | T _{DSI} | MISO valid before SClock capturing edge | 20 | - | - | ns | Full clock, late MISO sampling |
| SID169 | T _{HMO} | Previous MOSI data hold time | 0 | - | - | ns | Referred to Slave capturing edge |

Table 20 Fixed SPI Slave Mode AC specifications

(Guaranteed by Characterization)

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|---------|----------------------|--|-----|-----|------------------------------|------|--|
| SID170 | T _{DMI} | MOSI valid before Sclock capturing edge | 40 | - | - | ns | - |
| SID171 | T _{DSO} | MISO valid after Sclock driving edge | - | - | 48 + (3 × T _{SCB}) | ns | T _{SCB} = T _{CPU} = 1/24 MHz |
| SID171A | T _{DSO_EXT} | MISO valid after Sclock driving edge in Ext Clk mode | - | - | 48 | ns | - |
| SID172 | T _{HSO} | Previous MISO data hold time | 0 | - | - | ns | - |
| SID172A | T _{SSELCK} | SSEL valid to first SCK valid edge | 100 | - | - | ns | - |

Electrical specifications

7.4 Memory

Table 21 Flash AC specifications

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|-----------|---|---|------|-----|-----|---------|--------------------------------|
| SID.MEM#4 | T _{ROWWRITE} ^[10] | Row (block) write time (erase and program) | – | – | 20 | ms | – |
| SID.MEM#3 | T _{ROWERASE} ^[10] | Row erase time | – | – | 13 | ms | – |
| SID.MEM#8 | T _{ROWPROGRAM} ^[10] | Row program time after erase | – | – | 7 | ms | – |
| SID178 | T _{BULKERASE} ^[10] | Bulk erase time (128 KB) | – | – | 35 | ms | – |
| SID180 | T _{DEVPROG} ^[10] | Total device program time | – | – | 25 | seconds | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID.MEM#6 | F _{END} | Flash endurance | 100K | – | – | cycles | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID182 | F _{RET1} | Flash retention. T _A ≤ 55°C, 100 K P/E cycles | 20 | – | – | years | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID182A | F _{RET2} | Flash retention. T _A ≤ 85°C, 10 K P/E cycles | 10 | – | – | years | Guaranteed by characterization |

7.5 System resources

7.5.1 Power-on-reset (POR) with brown out

Table 22 Imprecise POR (PRES)

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|---------|-----------------------|----------------------|------|-----|------|------|--------------------------------|
| SID185 | V _{RISEIPOR} | Rising trip voltage | 0.80 | – | 1.50 | V | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID186 | V _{FALLIPOR} | Falling trip voltage | 0.75 | – | 1.4 | V | Guaranteed by characterization |

Table 23 Precise POR (POR)

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|---------|------------------------|--|------|-----|------|------|--------------------------------|
| SID190 | V _{FALLPPOR} | BOD trip voltage in active and sleep modes | 1.48 | – | 1.62 | V | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID192 | V _{FALLDPSLP} | BOD trip voltage in deep sleep | 1.1 | – | 1.5 | V | Guaranteed by characterization |

Note

10.It can take as much as 20 milliseconds to write to flash. During this time the device should not be reset, or flash operations will be interrupted and cannot be relied on to have completed. Reset sources include the XRES pin, software resets, CPU lockup states and privilege violations, improper power supply levels, and watchdogs. Make certain that these are not inadvertently activated.

Electrical specifications

7.5.2 SWD interface

Table 24 SWD interface specifications

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|-----------|---------------|---|-----------------|-----|----------------|------|---------------------------------------|
| SID.SWD#1 | F_SWDCLK1 | $3.3\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{DDIO}} \leq 5.5\text{ V}$ | - | - | 14 | MHz | SWDCLK \leq 1/3 CPU clock frequency |
| SID.SWD#2 | F_SWDCLK2 | $1.8\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{DDIO}} \leq 3.3\text{ V}$ | - | - | 7 | MHz | SWDCLK \leq 1/3 CPU clock frequency |
| SID.SWD#3 | T_SWDI_-SETUP | $T = 1/f\text{ SWDCLK}$ | $0.25 \times T$ | - | - | ns | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID.SWD#4 | T_SWDI_HOLD | $T = 1/f\text{ SWDCLK}$ | $0.25 \times T$ | - | - | ns | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID.SWD#5 | T_SWDO_VALID | $T = 1/f\text{ SWDCLK}$ | - | - | $0.5 \times T$ | ns | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID.SWD#6 | T_SWDO_HOLD | $T = 1/f\text{ SWDCLK}$ | 1 | - | - | ns | Guaranteed by characterization |

7.5.3 Internal main oscillator

Table 25 IMO AC specifications

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|------------|-------------|---|-----|-----|---------|---------------|--------------------|
| SID.CLK#13 | F_IMOTOL | Frequency variation at 24, 36, and 48 MHz (trimmed) | - | - | ± 2 | % | - |
| SID226 | T_STARTIMO | IMO startup time | - | - | 7 | μs | - |
| SID229 | T_JITRMSIMO | RMS jitter at 48 MHz | - | 145 | - | ps | - |
| F_IMO | - | IMO frequency | 24 | - | 48 | MHz | - |

7.5.4 Internal low-speed oscillator

Table 26 ILO AC specifications

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|-----------|------------|------------------|-----|-----|-----|------|--------------------------------|
| SID234 | T_STARTILO | ILO startup time | - | - | 2 | ms | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID236 | T_ILODUTY | ILO duty cycle | 40 | 50 | 60 | % | Guaranteed by characterization |
| SID.CLK#5 | F_ILO | ILO frequency | 20 | 40 | 80 | kHz | - |

Electrical specifications

7.5.5 Power Down

Table 27 PD DC specifications

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|-----------|----------------|---|------|-----|------|------|--|
| SID.PD.1 | Rp_std | DFP CC termination for default USB Power | 64 | 80 | 96 | μA | – |
| SID.PD.2 | Rp_1.5A | DFP CC termination for 1.5A power | 166 | 180 | 194 | μA | – |
| SID.PD.3 | Rp_3.0A | DFP CC termination for 3.0A power | 304 | 330 | 356 | μA | – |
| SID.PD.4 | Rd | UFP CC termination | 4.59 | 5.1 | 5.61 | kΩ | – |
| SID.PD.5 | Rd_DB | UFP Dead Battery CC termination on CC1 and CC2 | 4.08 | 5.1 | 6.12 | kΩ | All supplies forced to 0 V and 1.0V applied at CC1 or CC2. Applicable for DRP applications only. |
| SID.PD.15 | Vdrop_V5V_C C1 | Voltage drop from V5V_P0 and V5V_P1 pins to CC1 pin while sourcing 215 mA. CC1 and CC2 pins of Port0 and Port1 are not short circuit protected. Max sourcing current allowed is 500 mA. | – | – | 100 | mV | – |
| SID.PD.16 | Vdrop_V5V_C C2 | Voltage drop from V5V_P0 and V5V_P1 pins to CC2 pin while sourcing 215 mA. CC1 and CC2 pins of Port0 and Port1 are not short circuit protected. Max allowed sourcing current is 500 mA. | – | – | 100 | mV | – |

7.5.6 Analog to digital converter

Table 28 ADC DC specifications

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|-----------|------------|---------------------------|------|-----|-----|------|--------------------|
| SID.ADC.1 | Resolution | ADC resolution | – | 8 | – | bits | – |
| SID.ADC.2 | INL | Integral nonlinearity | –1.5 | – | 1.5 | LSB | – |
| SID.ADC.3 | DNL | Differential nonlinearity | –2.5 | – | 2.5 | LSB | – |
| SID.ADC.4 | Gain Error | Gain error | –1.0 | – | 1.0 | LSB | – |

Table 29 ADC AC specifications

| Spec ID | Parameter | Description | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Details/conditions |
|-----------|-----------|--|-----|-----|-----|------|--------------------|
| SID.ADC.5 | SLEW_Max | Rate of change of sampled voltage signal | – | – | 3 | V/ms | – |

Ordering information

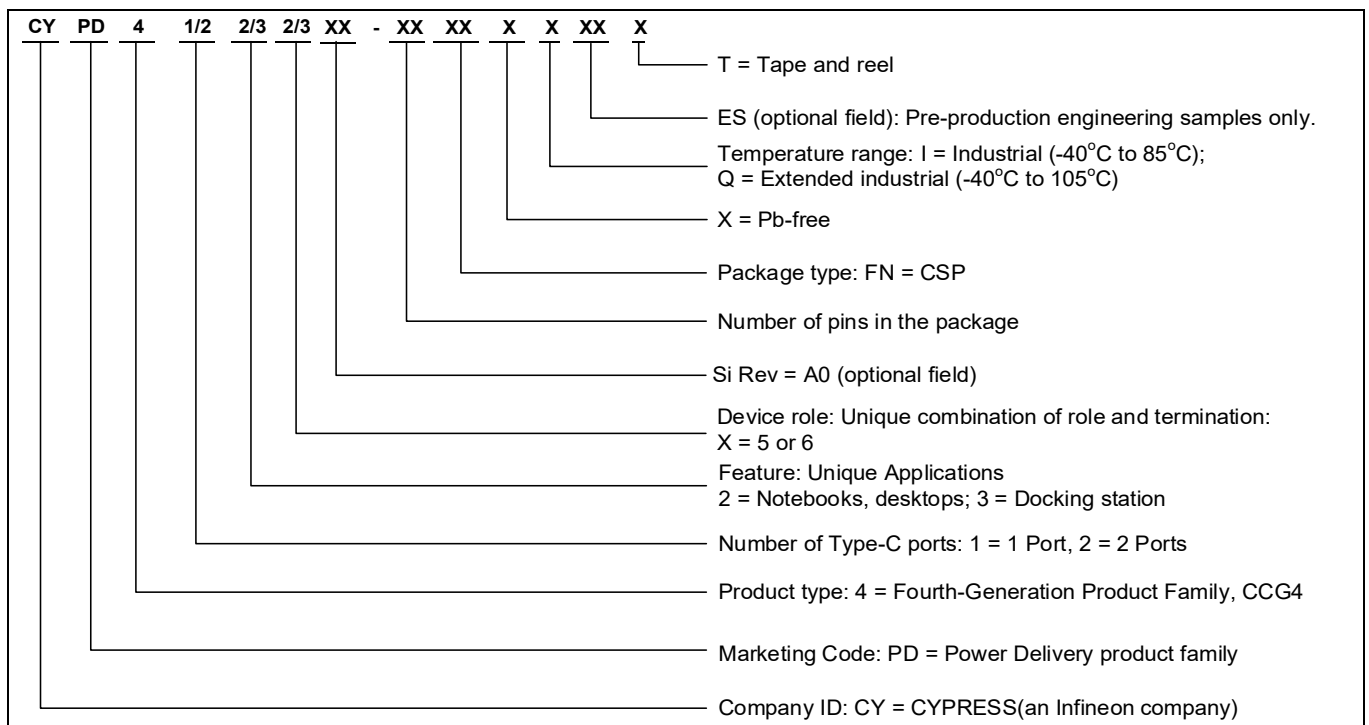
8 Ordering information

The EZ-PD™ CCG4 part numbers and features are listed in [Table 30](#).

Table 30 EZ-PD CCG4 ordering information

| Part Number | Application | Type-C Ports | TCPWM | PD Spec# | Dead Battery Termination | Termination Resistor | Role | Package |
|--------------------|-------------------------|--------------|-------|----------|--------------------------|---|------|-------------|
| CYPD4125-40LQXIT | Notebooks, desktops | 1 | 4 | PD2.0 | Yes | $R_p^{[11]}$, $R_D^{[12]}$, $R_{D-DB}^{[12]}$ | DRP | 40-pin QFN |
| CYPD4225-40LQXIT | Notebooks, desktops | 2 | 4 | PD2.0 | Yes | $R_p^{[11]}$, $R_D^{[12]}$, $R_{D-DB}^{[12]}$ | DRP | 40-pin QFN |
| CYPD4126-40LQXIT | Notebooks, desktops | 1 | 2 | PD3.0 | Yes | $R_p^{[11]}$, $R_D^{[12]}$, $R_{D-DB}^{[12]}$ | DRP | 40-pin QFN |
| CYPD4226-40LQXIT | Notebooks, desktops | 2 | 2 | PD3.0 | Yes | $R_p^{[11]}$, $R_D^{[12]}$, $R_{D-DB}^{[12]}$ | DRP | 40-pin QFN |
| CYPD4236-40LQXIT | Docking station | 2 | 2 | PD3.0 | No | $R_p^{[11]}$, $R_D^{[12]}$ | DRP | 40-pin QFN |
| CYPD4236-40LQXQT | Dual Port Power Adapter | 2 | 2 | PD3.0 | No | $R_p^{[11]}$, $R_D^{[12]}$ | DFP | 40-pin QFN |
| CYPD4126-24LQXIT | Notebooks, desktops | 1 | 2 | PD3.0 | Yes | $R_p^{[11]}$, $R_D^{[12]}$, $R_{D-DB}^{[12]}$ | DRP | 24-pin QFN |
| CYPD4225A0-33FNXIT | Notebooks, desktops | 2 | 4 | PD2.0 | Yes | $R_p^{[11]}$, $R_D^{[12]}$, $R_{D-DB}^{[12]}$ | DRP | 33-ball CSP |

8.1 Ordering code definitions



Notes

- 11.Termination resistor denoting a downstream facing port.
- 12.Termination resistor denoting an accessory or upstream facing port.

Packaging

9 Packaging

Table 31 Package characteristics

| Parameter | Description | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|------|
| T _A | Operating ambient temperature | – | –40 | 25 | 85 | °C |
| T _J | Operating junction temperature | – | –40 | – | 100 | °C |
| T _{JA} | Package θ _{JA} (40-pin QFN) | – | – | 31 | – | °C/W |
| T _{JC} | Package θ _{JC} (40-pin QFN) | – | – | 29 | – | °C/W |
| T _{JA} | Package θ _{JA} (24-pin QFN) | – | – | 22 | – | °C/W |
| T _{JC} | Package θ _{JC} (24-pin QFN) | – | – | 29 | – | °C/W |
| T _{JA} | Package θ _{JA} (33-ball CSP) | – | – | 24 | – | °C/W |
| T _{JC} | Package θ _{JC} (33-ball CSP) | – | – | 1 | – | °C/W |

Table 32 Solder reflow peak temperature

| Package | Maximum peak temperature | Maximum time within 5°C of peak temperature |
|-------------|--------------------------|---|
| 24-pin QFN | 260°C | 30 seconds |
| 40-pin QFN | 260°C | 30 seconds |
| 33-ball CSP | 260°C | 30 seconds |

Table 33 Package moisture sensitivity level (MSL), IPC/JEDEC J-STD-2

| Package | MSL |
|-------------|-------|
| 24-pin QFN | MSL 3 |
| 40-pin QFN | MSL 3 |
| 33-ball CSP | MSL 1 |

Packaging

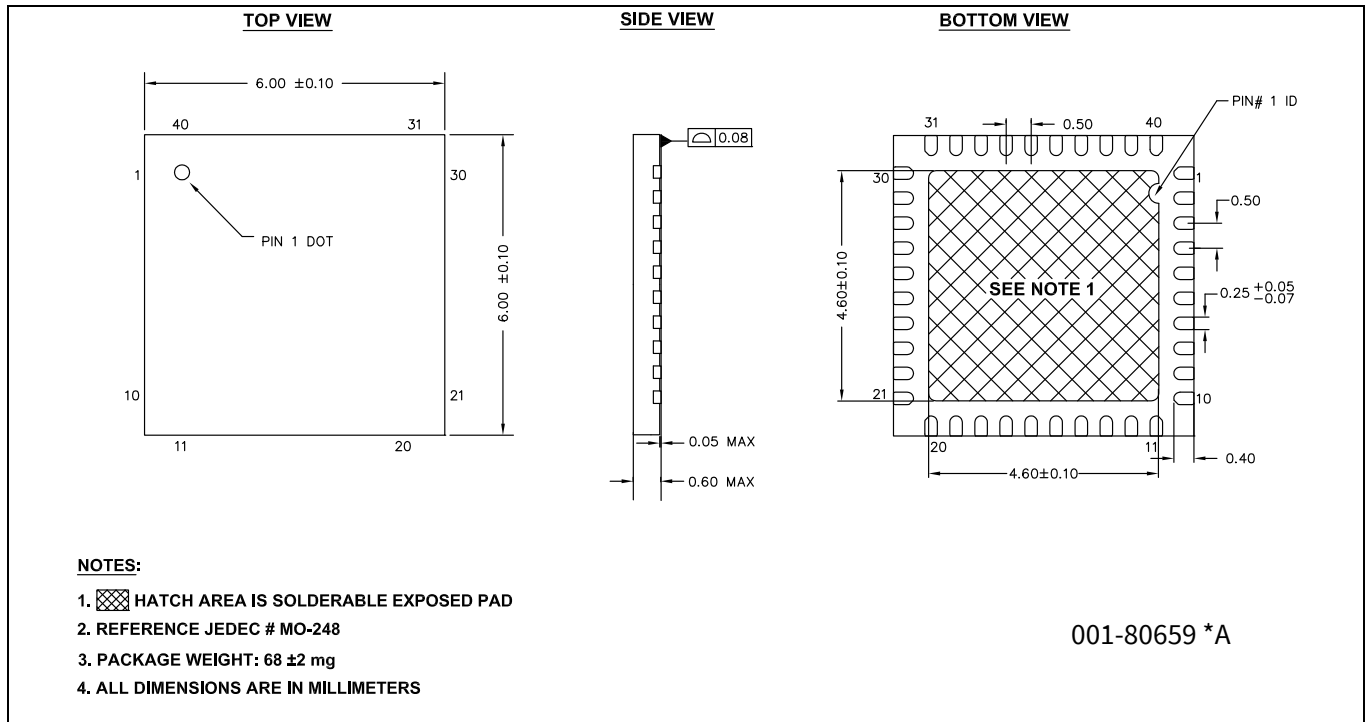


Figure 10 40-Pin QFN (6 × 6 × 0.6 mm), LR40A/LQ40A 4.6 × 4.6 E-PAD (Sawn) package outline, 001-80659

Packaging

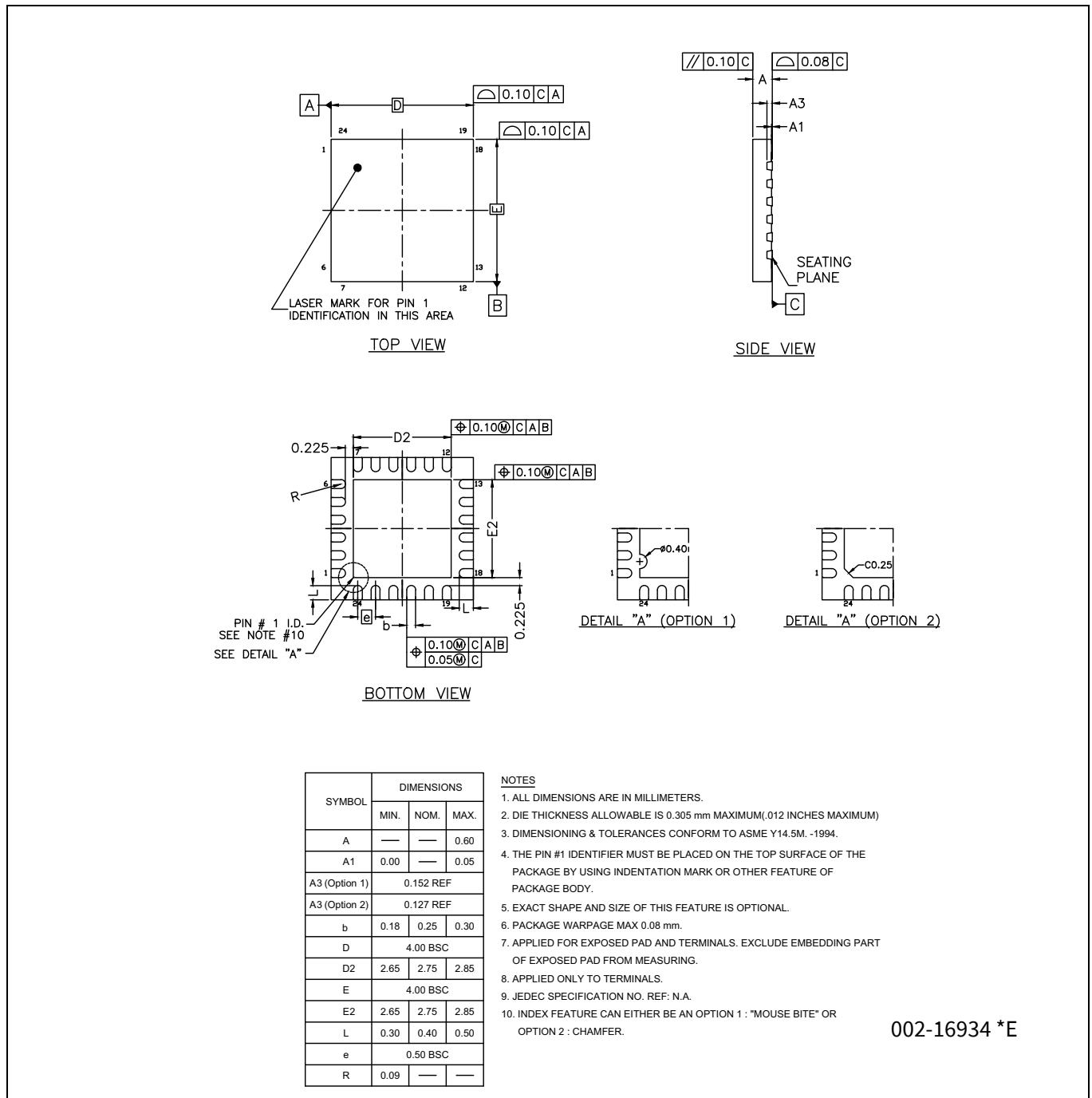
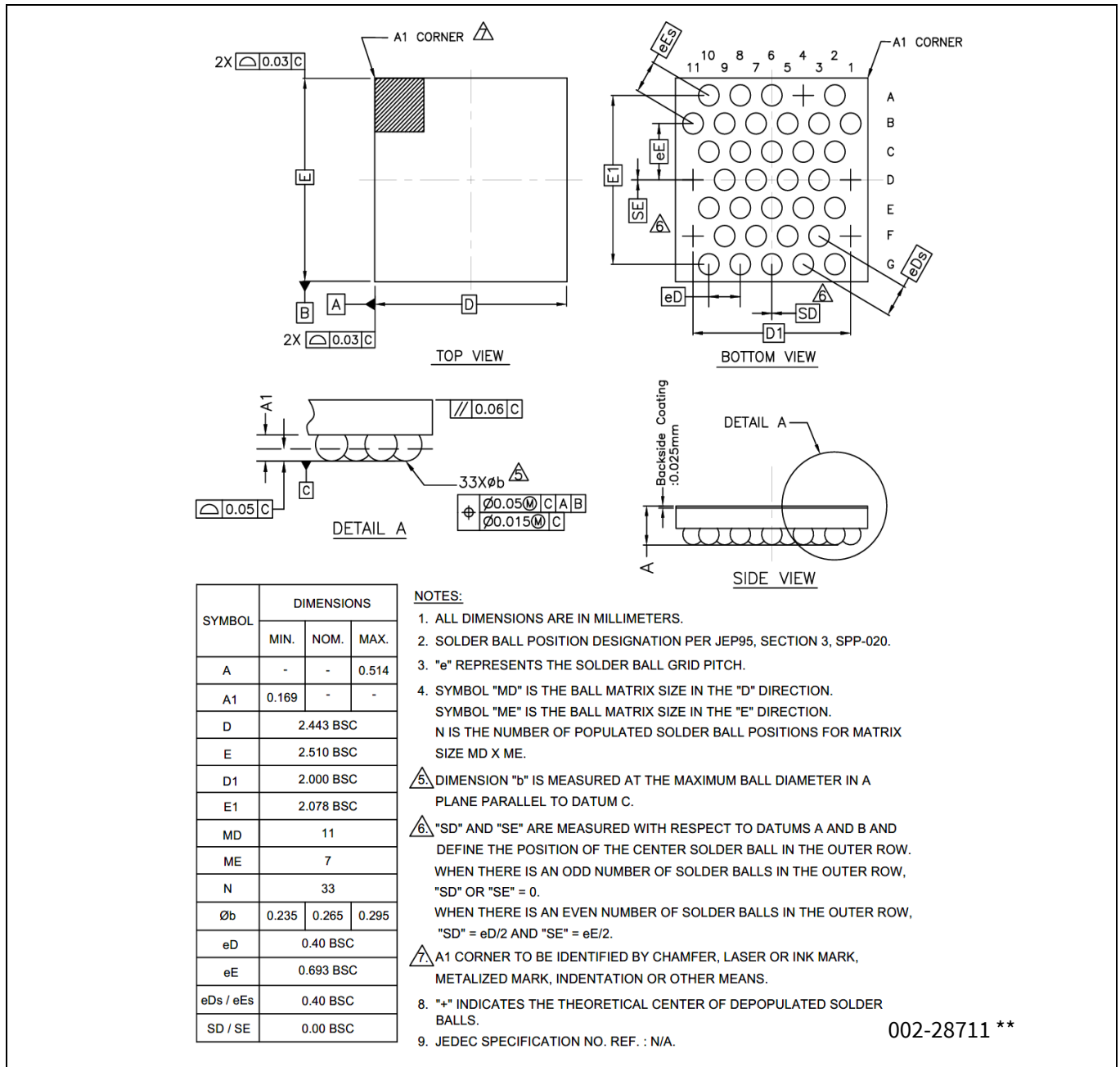


Figure 11 24-pin QFN package outline



002-28711 **

Figure 12 33-ball CSP package outline

10 Acronyms

Table 34 Acronyms used in this document

| Acronym | Description |
|--------------------------|---|
| ADC | analog-to-digital converter |
| API | application programming interface |
| Arm® | advanced RISC machine, a CPU architecture |
| CC | configuration channel |
| CPU | central processing unit |
| CRC | cyclic redundancy check, an error-checking protocol |
| CS | current sense |
| DFP | downstream facing port |
| DIO | digital input/output, GPIO with only digital capabilities, no analog. See GPIO. |
| DRP | dual role port |
| EEPROM | electrically erasable programmable read-only memory |
| EMCA | a USB cable that includes an IC that reports cable characteristics (e.g., current rating) to the Type-C ports |
| EMI | electromagnetic interference |
| ESD | electrostatic discharge |
| FPB | flash patch and breakpoint |
| FS | full-speed |
| GPIO | general-purpose input/output |
| IC | integrated circuit |
| IDE | integrated development environment |
| I ² C, or IIC | Inter-Integrated Circuit, a communications protocol |
| ILO | internal low-speed oscillator, see also IMO |
| IMO | internal main oscillator, see also ILO |
| I/O | input/output, see also GPIO |
| LVD | low-voltage detect |
| LVTTL | low-voltage transistor-transistor logic |
| MCU | microcontroller unit |
| NC | no connect |
| NMI | nonmaskable interrupt |
| NVIC | nested vectored interrupt controller |
| opamp | operational amplifier |
| OCP | overcurrent protection |
| OVP | overvoltage protection |
| PCB | printed circuit board |
| PD | power delivery |
| PGA | programmable gain amplifier |
| PHY | physical layer |
| POR | power-on reset |

Acronyms

Table 34 Acronyms used in this document *(continued)*

| Acronym | Description |
|---------|--|
| PRES | precise power-on reset |
| PSoC™ | Programmable System-on-Chip™ |
| PWM | pulse-width modulator |
| RAM | random-access memory |
| RISC | reduced-instruction-set computing |
| RMS | root-mean-square |
| RTC | real-time clock |
| RX | receive |
| SAR | successive approximation register |
| SCL | I ² C serial clock |
| SDA | I ² C serial data |
| S/H | sample and hold |
| SPI | Serial Peripheral Interface, a communications protocol |
| SRAM | static random access memory |
| SWD | serial wire debug, a test protocol |
| TX | transmit |
| Type-C | a new standard with a slimmer USB connector and a reversible cable, capable of sourcing up to 100 W of power |
| UART | Universal Asynchronous Transmitter Receiver, a communications protocol |
| USB | Universal Serial Bus |
| USBIO | USB input/output, CCG4 pins used to connect to a USB port |
| XRES | external reset I/O pin |

11 Document conventions

11.1 Units of measure

Table 35 Units of measure

| Symbol | Unit of measure |
|--------|------------------------|
| °C | degrees Celsius |
| Hz | hertz |
| KB | 1024 bytes |
| kHz | kilohertz |
| kΩ | kilo ohm |
| Mbps | megabits per second |
| MHz | megahertz |
| MΩ | mega-ohm |
| MspS | megasamples per second |
| μA | microampere |
| μF | microfarad |
| μs | microsecond |
| μV | microvolt |
| μW | microwatt |
| mA | milliampere |
| ms | millisecond |
| mV | millivolt |
| nA | nanoampere |
| ns | nanosecond |
| Ω | ohm |
| pF | picofarad |
| ppm | parts per million |
| ps | picosecond |
| s | second |
| sps | samples per second |
| V | volt |

12 References and links to applications collaterals

12.1 Knowledge base articles

- [Key Differences Among EZ-PD™ CCG1, CCG2, CCG3 and CCG4 - KBA210740](#)
- [Programming EZ-PD™ CCG2, EZ-PD™ CCG3 and EZ-PD™ CCG4 Using PSoC® Programmer and MiniProg3 - KBA96477](#)
- [CCGX Frequently Asked Questions \(FAQs\) - KBA97244](#)
- [Handling Precautions for CY4501 CCG1 DVK - KBA210560](#)
- [EZ-PD™ CCGx Hardware - KBA204102](#)
- [Difference between USB Type-C and USB-PD - KBA204033](#)
- [CCGx Programming Methods - KBA97271](#)
- [Getting started with USB Type-C Products - KBA04071](#)
- [Type-C to DisplayPort Cable Electrical Requirements](#)
- [Dead Battery Charging Implementation in USB Type-C Solutions - KBA97273](#)
- [Termination Resistors Required for the USB Type-C Connector – KBA97180](#)
- [VBUS Bypass Capacitor Recommendation for Type-C Cable and Type-C to Legacy Cable/Adapter Assemblies – KBA97270](#)
- [Need for Regulator and Auxiliary Switch in Type-C to DisplayPort \(DP\) Cable Solution - KBA97274](#)
- [Need for a USB Billboard Device in Type-C Solutions – KBA97146](#)
- [CCG1 Devices in Type-C to Legacy Cable/Adapter Assemblies – KBA97145](#)
- [USB Type-C Controller Supported Solutions – KBA97179](#)
- [Termination Resistors for Type-C to Legacy Ports – KBA97272](#)
- [Handling Instructions for CY4502 CCG2 Development Kit – KBA97916](#)
- [Thunderbolt™ Cable Application Using CCG3 Devices - KBA210976](#)
- [Power Adapter Application Using CCG3 Devices - KBA210975](#)
- [Methods to Upgrade Firmware on CCG3 Devices - KBA210974](#)
- [Device Flash Memory Size and Advantages - KBA210973](#)
- [Applications of EZ-PD™ CCG4 - KBA210739](#)

12.2 Application notes

- [AN96527 - Designing USB Type-C Products Using Infineon's CCG1 Controllers](#)
- [AN95615 - Designing USB 3.1 Type-C Cables Using EZ-PD™ CCG2](#)
- [AN95599 - Hardware Design Guidelines for EZ-PD™ CCG2](#)
- [AN210403 - Hardware Design Guidelines for Dual Role Port Applications Using EZ-PD™ USB Type-C Controllers](#)
- [AN210771 - Getting Started with EZ-PD™ CCG4](#)

References and links to applications collaterals

12.3 Reference designs

- [EZ-PD™ CCG2 Electronically Marked Cable Assembly \(EMCA\) Paddle Card Reference Design](#)
- [EZ-PD™ CCG2 USB Type-C to DisplayPort Cable Solution](#)
- [EZ-PD™ CCG2 USB Type-C to HDMI Adapter Solution](#)
- [EZ-PD™ CCG2 USB Type-C Monitor/Dock Solution](#)
- [CCG2 20W Power Adapter Reference Design](#)

12.4 Kits

- [CY4502 EZ-PD™ CCG2 Development Kit](#)
- [CY4531 EZ-PD CCG3 Evaluation Kit](#)
- [CY4541 EZ-PD™ CCG4 Evaluation Kit](#)

12.5 Datasheets

- [CYPD1120 Datasheet: USB Power Delivery Alternate Mode Controller on Type-C](#)
- [CCG2: USB Type-C Port Controller Datasheet](#)
- [CCG3: USB Type-C Controller Datasheet](#)

Revision history

| Document revision | Date | Description of changes |
|-------------------|------------|---|
| ** | 2015-09-24 | New data sheet. |
| *A | 2015-11-03 | Updated Pinouts : Updated Table 1 . Updated Table 2 . Updated Figure 3 . Updated Figure 4 . Updated Application diagrams : Updated Figure 8 . Updated Figure 9 . Updated Electrical specifications : Updated Absolute maximum ratings : Updated Table 9 . Updated Device level specifications : Updated Table 10 . Updated Digital peripherals : Updated SPI : Updated Table 20 . Updated System resources : Updated Internal main oscillator : Updated Table 25 . |
| *B | 2015-12-14 | Updated Electrical specifications : Updated Device level specifications : Updated Table 10 . Updated System resources : Updated Analog to digital converter : Updated Table 28 . |
| *C | 2016-03-02 | Updated Features : Replaced “Sleep: 2 mA” with “Sleep: 2.5 mA”. Updated Pinouts : Updated Table 1 : Updated details in “Description” column corresponding to pins 34, 5, and 10. Updated Table 2 : Updated details in “Description” column corresponding to pins 5, and 10. Updated Application diagrams : Updated Figure 8 . Updated Figure 9 . Updated Electrical specifications : Updated Digital peripherals : Updated I²C : Removed table “Fixed I2C DC Specifications”. Updated UART : Removed table “Fixed UART DC Specifications”. Updated SPI : Removed table “Fixed SPI DC Specifications”. Updated System resources : Updated Internal main oscillator : Removed table “IMO DC Specifications”. Updated Internal low-speed oscillator : Removed table “ILO DC Specifications”. Updated copyright information. |

Revision history

| Document revision | Date | Description of changes |
|-------------------|------------|---|
| *D | 2016-05-31 | Updated EZ-PD™ CCG4 block diagram : Updated Figure 1 . Updated Functional overview : Updated USB PD sub system (SS) : Updated description (Updated to include support for PD 3.0 features). Updated Table 33. |
| *E | 2016-06-14 | Added Available firmware and software tools . Updated Application diagrams : Added description (Added descriptive notes). Added References and links to applications collaterals . Updated copyright information. |
| *F | 2017-03-30 | Changed status from Preliminary to Final. Updated Electrical specifications : Updated Device level specifications : Updated Table 10 : Changed typical value of I_{DD29} parameter from 60 μ A to 80 μ A corresponding to Condition " $V_{DD} = 3.3$ V, $T_A = 25$ °C". Updated Ordering information : Updated Table 30 : Updated part numbers. Updated to new template. |
| *G | 2017-07-24 | Updated Pinouts : Added Table 7 . Added Figure 5 . Updated Ordering information : Updated Table 30 : Updated part numbers. Updated Packaging : Added spec 002-16934 *A. Completing Sunset Review. |
| *H | 2017-09-29 | Updated Pinouts : Updated Table 1 (Updated caption only). Updated Table 2 (Updated caption only). Updated Figure 3 (Updated caption only). Updated Figure (Updated caption only). Updated Electrical specifications : Updated Device level specifications : Updated Table 10 : Changed minimum value of V_{DD} parameter from 3 V to 3.15 V corresponding to Test Condition "DFP/DRP applications". |
| *I | 2017-11-10 | Updated Ordering information : No change in part numbers. Updated Ordering code definitions : Updated details under "Device Role". |
| *J | 2018-01-25 | Updated Electrical specifications : Updated Device level specifications : Updated I/O : Updated Table 12 : Changed maximum value of V_{OL} parameter from 0.6 V to 0.4 V corresponding to Test Condition " $I_{OL} = 4$ mA at 1.8 V V_{DDIO} ". Updated to new template. |

Revision history

| Document revision | Date | Description of changes |
|-------------------|------------|---|
| *K | 2018-06-26 | Updated Ordering code definitions . |
| *L | 2019-11-15 | <p>Changed document status from Final to Preliminary.</p> <p>Updated Features.</p> <p>Updated Table 1 through Table 7 and Table 31 through Table 33.</p> <p>Updated Figure 3 and Figure 4.</p> <p>Added CY MPN "CYPD4225A0-33FNXIT" to Table 30.</p> <p>Added Table 8 for 33-ball CSP part.</p> <p>Added Figure 6 for 33-ball CSP part.</p> <p>Added Figure 7 for 33-ball CSP part.</p> <p>Updated 8.1 Ordering code definitions.</p> <p>Updated spec 002-16934 *B in Packaging.</p> <p>Updated SCB nomenclatures from SCB1 thru SCB4 to SCB0 thru SCB3 across the entire document. Updated Port 1 and Port 2 nomenclatures to Port 0 and Port 1 across the entire document.</p> |
| *M | 2020-12-08 | <p>Removed Preliminary status.</p> <p>Updated Features.</p> <p>Added CY MPN "CYPD4236-40LQXQT" to Table 30.</p> <p>Updated Table 31.</p> <p>Updated Ordering code definitions.</p> <p>Updated Figure 11 in Packaging (spec 002-16934 *B to *C).</p> |
| *N | 2023-03-30 | <p>Migrated to IFX template.</p> <p>Removed "CYPD4136-24LQXIT"</p> <p>Updated Figure 11 in Packaging (spec 002-16934 *C to *E).</p> <p>Updated Table 1.</p> <p>Updated Table 2.</p> <p>Updated Table 3.</p> <p>Updated Table 4.</p> <p>Updated Table 5.</p> <p>Updated Table 6.</p> |

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