PR39MF51NSLF Series

I_T(rms)$\leqq$0.9A, Non-Zero Cross type DIP 8pin Triac output SSD

■Description

PR39MF51NSLF Solid State Device (SSD) is an integration of an infrared emitting diode (IRED), a Phototriac Detector and a main output Triac. This device is ideally suited for controlling high voltage AC loads with solid state reliability while providing 4kV isolation (V_{iso}(rms)) from input to output.

■Features

1. Output current, I_T(rms)$\leqq$0.9A
2. Non-zero crossing functionary
3. 8 pin DIP package (SMT gullwing also available)
4. High repetitive peak off-state voltage (V_{DRM} : 600V)
5. Superior noise immunity (dV/dt : MIN. 100V/μs)
6. Response time, t_{on} : MAX. 100μs
7. High isolation voltage between input and output (V_{iso}(rms) : 4kV)
8. RoHS directive compliant

■Agency approvals/Compliance

1. Approved by UL508 file No.E94758 (as model No.**R39MF5**)
2. Approved by CSA file No.063705 (as model No.**R39MF5**)
3. Optionary approved by VDE (DIN EN 60747-5-5), file No.40008898 (as model No.**R39MF5**)
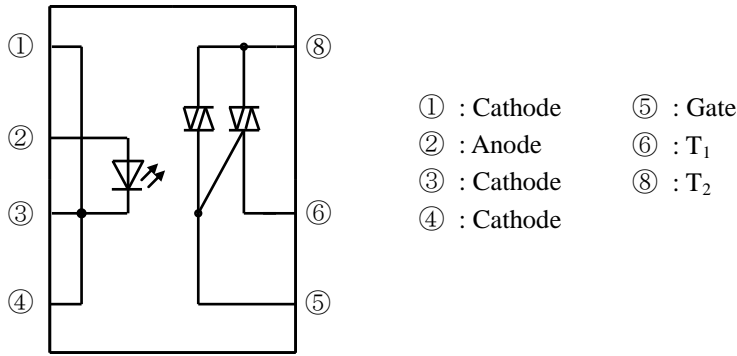4. Package resin : UL flammability grade (94V-0)

■Applications

1. Isolated interface between high voltage AC devices and lower voltage DC control circuitry.
2. Switching motors, fans, heaters, solenoids, and valves.
3. Phase or power control in applications such as lighting and temperature control equipment.

■Pin-Number and internal connection diagram

① : Cathode   ⑤ : Gate
② : Anode   ⑥ : T$_1$
③ : Cathode   ⑧ : T$_2$
④ : Cathode

■Outline Dimensions
(Unit : mm)

1. Through-Hole [ex. **PR39MF51NSLF**]

SHARP mark "S"
Model No.
CSA mark
Rank mark
R 3 9 M F 5
S
6.5±0.5
1.2±0.3
1.05±0.20
Anode mark
Date code (**3digit**)
Factory identification mark

9.66±0.50
3.5±0.5
3.25±0.50
2.54±0.25
0.5±0.1
0.5 TYP.

7.62±0.30
Epoxy resin
0.26±0.10
θ
θ : 0 to 13°
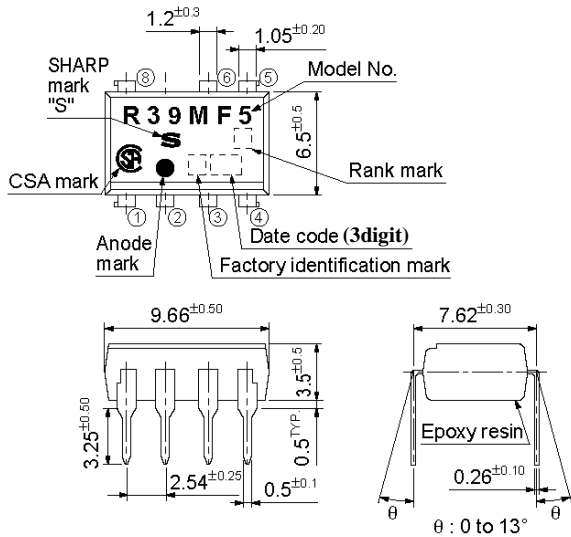
Product mass : approx. 0.56g

2. SMT Gullwing Lead-Form [ex. **PR39MF51NPLF**]

SHARP mark "S"
Model No.
CSA mark
Rank mark
R 3 9 M F 5
S
6.5±0.5
1.2±0.3
1.05±0.20
Anode mark
Date code (**3digit**)
Factory identification mark

9.66±0.50
2.54±0.25
3.5±0.5

7.62±0.30
0.35±0.25
0.26±0.10
Epoxy resin
1.0+0.4−0
1.0+0.4−0
10.0+0−0.5
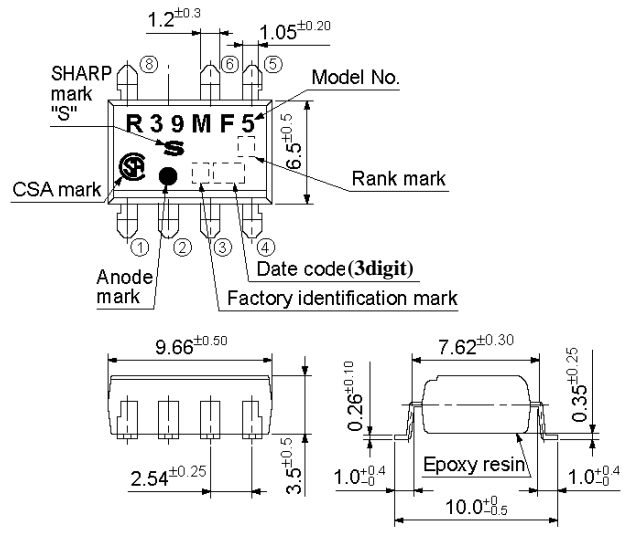
Product mass : approx. 0.54g

3. Through-Hole VDE option
[ex. **PR39MF51YSLF**]   Under Development

SHARP mark "S"
Model No.
CSA mark
Rank mark
R 3 9 M F 5
S
4
6.5±0.5
1.2±0.3
1.05±0.20
Anode mark
Date code (**3digit**)
VDE identification mark
Factory identification mark

9.66±0.50
3.5±0.5
3.25±0.50
2.54±0.25
0.5±0.1
0.5 TYP.

7.62±0.30
Epoxy resin
0.26±0.10
θ
θ : 0 to 13°

Product mass : approx. 0.56g

4. SMT Gullwing Lead-Form VDE option
[ex. **PR39MF51YPLF**]

SHARP mark "S"
Model No.
CSA mark
Rank mark
R 3 9 M F 5
S
4
6.5±0.5
1.2±0.3
1.05±0.20
Anode mark
Date code (**3digit**)
VDE identification mark
Factory identification mark

9.66±0.50
2.54±0.25
3.5±0.5

7.62±0.30
0.35±0.25
0.26±0.10
Epoxy resin
1.0+0.4−0
1.0+0.4−0
10.0+0−0.5

Product mass : approx. 0.54g

Plating material : SnCu (Cu : TYP.2%)

Date code (3 digit)

1st digit				2nd digit		3rd digit					
Year of production				Month of production		Day of production					
A.D.	Mark	A.D.	Mark	Month	Mark	Day	Mark	Day	Mark	Day	Mark
2010	A	2022	P	January	1	1	1	13	D	25	S
2011	B	2023	R	February	2	2	2	14	E	26	T
2012	C	2024	S	March	3	3	3	15	F	27	U
2013	D	2025	T	April	4	4	4	16	G	28	V
2014	E	2026	U	May	5	5	5	17	H	29	X
2015	F	2027	V	June	6	6	6	18	J	30	Y
2016	H	2028	W	July	7	7	7	19	K	31	Z
2017	J	2029	X	August	8	8	8	20	L	-	-
2018	K	2030	A	September	9	9	9	21	N	-	-
2019	L	2031	B	October	O	10	A	22	O	-	-
2020	M	2032	C	November	N	11	B	23	P	-	-
2021	N	⋮	⋮	December	D	12	C	24	R	-	-

repeats in a 20 year cycle

Factory identification mark

Factory identification Mark	Country of origin
◺	China

* This factory marking is for identification purpose only.
  Please contact the local SHARP sales representative to see the actural
  status of the production.

■Absolute maximum ratings

Ta=25°C

Parameter		Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Forward current	I_F	50 *3	mA
	Reverse voltage	V_R	6	V
Output	RMS on-state current	I_T(rms)	0.9 *3	A
	Peak one cycle surge current	Isurge	9 *4	A
	Repetitive peak off-state voltage	V_{DRM}	600	V
Isolation voltage *1		Viso(rms)	4.0	kV
Operating temperature		Topr	-30 to +85	°C
Storage temperature		Tstg	-40 to +125	°C
Soldering temperature *2		Tsol	270	°C

1mm

Soldering area
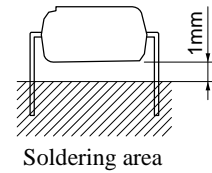
*1   40 to 60%RH, AC for 1minute, f=60Hz
*2   for 10s
*3   Refer to Fig.1,Fig.2
*4   f=50Hz sine wave

■Electrical Characteristics

Ta=25°C

| Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input	Forward voltage	V_F	I_F=20mA	-	1.2	1.4	V
	Reverse current	I_R	V_R=3V	-	-	10	μA
Output	Repetitive peak off-state current	I_{DRM}	V_D=V_{DRM}	-	-	100	μA
	On-state voltage	V_T	I_T=1.2A	-	-	2.5	V
	Holding current	I_H	V_D=6V	-	-	25	mA
	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	dv/dt	V_D=1/√2· V_{DRM}	100	-	-	V/μs
Transfer characteristics	Minimum trigger current	I_{FT}	V_D=6V, R_L=100Ω	-	-	10	mA
	Isolation resistance	R_{ISO}	DC500V 40 to 60%RH	$5×10^{10}$	10^{11}	-	Ω
	Turn on time	t_{ON}	V_D=6V, R_L=100Ω, I_F=20mA	-	-	100	μs

■Model Line-up

Lead Form	Through-Hole		SMT Gullwing		V_{DRM} [V]	Rating Voltage [V]	Rank mark	I_{FT} [mA] (V_D=6V, R_L=100Ω)
Shipping Packege	Sleeve		Taping					
	50 pcs/sleeve		1,000 pcs/reel					
DIN EN60747-5-5	-	Approved	-	Approved				
Model No.	PR39MF51NSLF	PR39MF51YSLF	PR39MF51NPLF	PR39MF51YPLF	600	AC250	1	MAX.10

Please contact a local SHARP sales representative to inquire about production status.

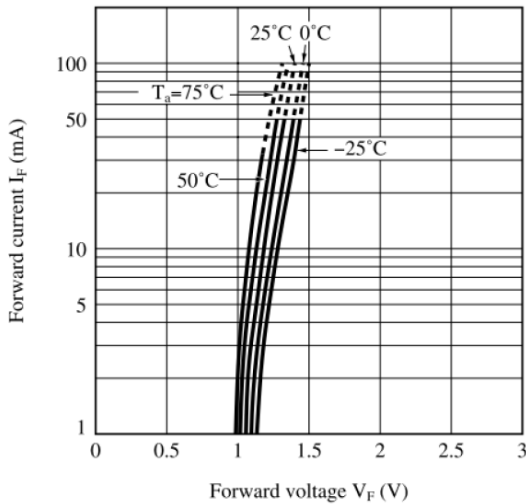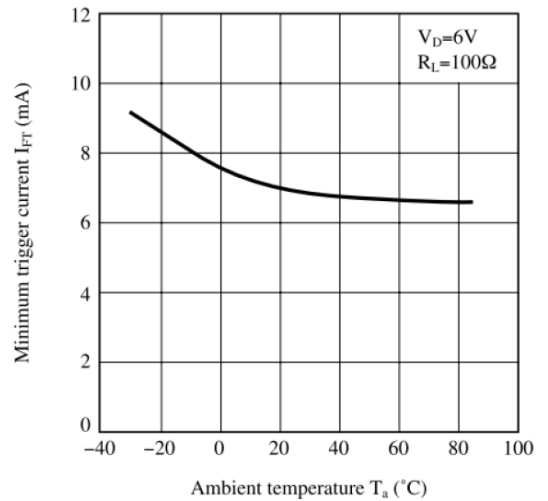## Fig.1 Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature
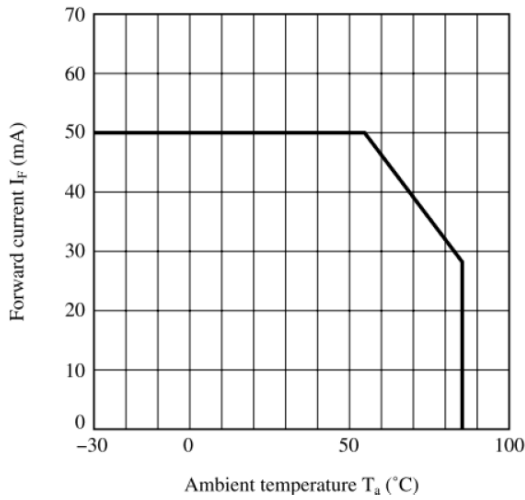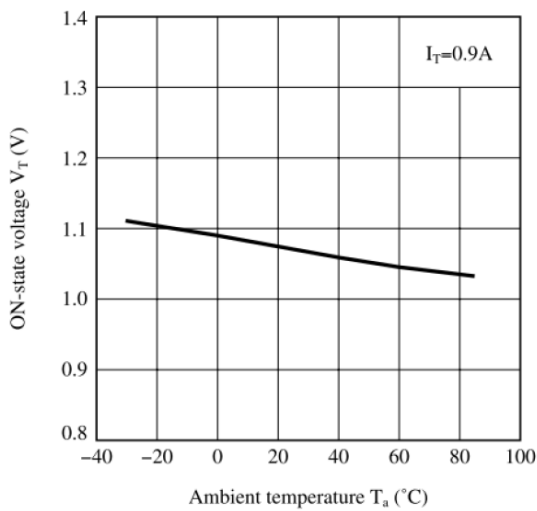

Fig.2 RMS ON-state Current vs. Ambient Temperature
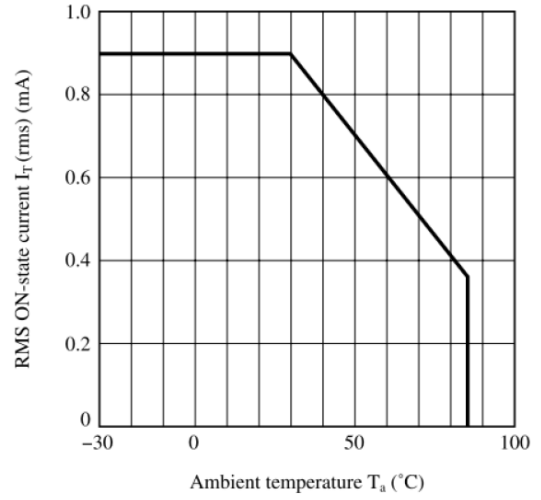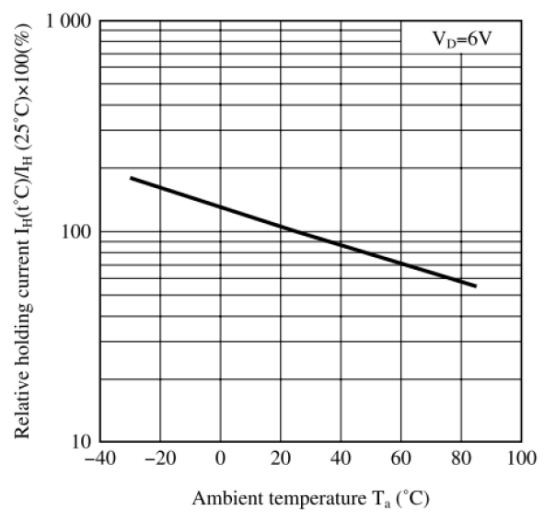

Fig.3 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

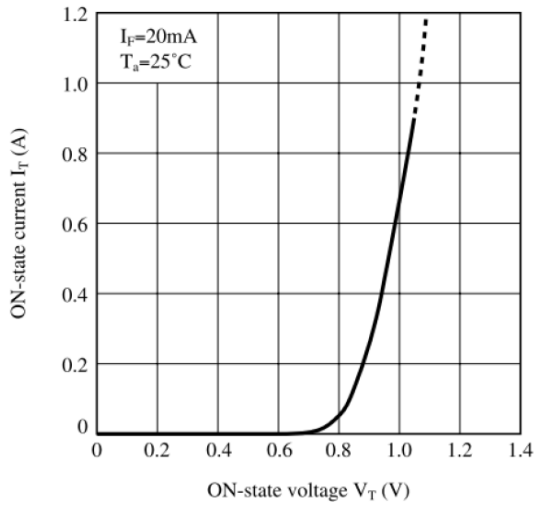## Fig.4 Minimum Trigger Current vs. Ambient Temperature

Fig.5 ON-state Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature
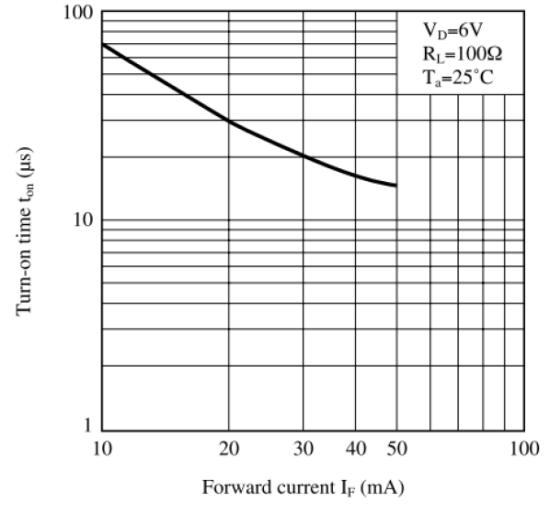

Fig.6 Relative Holding Current vs. Ambient Temperature

Fig.7 ON-state Current vs. ON-state Voltage

Fig.8 Turn-on Time vs. Forward Current

Remarks : Please be aware that all data in the graph are just for reference.

■Design Considerations

● Recommended Operating Conditions

	Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MIN	MAX	Unit
Input	Input signal current at ON state	I_F(ON)	-	20	25	mA
	Input signal current at OFF state	I_F(OFF)	-	0	0.1	mA
Output	Load supply voltage	V_{OUT}(rms)	-	-	240	V
	Load supply current	I_{OUT}(rms)	Locate snubber circuit between output terminals (Cs=0.022μF, Rs=47Ω)	-	I_T(rms)× 80%(*)	A
	Frequency	f	-	50	60	Hz
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-	-20	80	˚C

(*) See Fig.2 about derating curve (I_T(rms) vs. ambient temperature).

● Design guide

In order for the SSD to turn off, the triggering current (I_F) must be 0.1mA or less

In phase control applications or where the SSD is being by a pulse signal, please ensure that the pulse width is a minimum of 1ms.

When the input current (I_F) is below 0.1mA, the output Triac will be in the open circuit mode. However, if the voltage across the Triac, V_D, increases faster than rated dV/dt, the Triac may turn on. To avoid this situation, please incorporate a snubber circuit. Due to the many different types of load that can be driven, we can merely recommend some circuit values to start with : Cs=0.022μF and Rs=47Ω. The operation of the SSD and snubber circuit should be tested and if unintentional switching occurs, please adjust the snubber circuit component values accordingly

When making the transition from On to Off state, a snubber circuit should be used ensure that sudden drops in current are not accompanied by large instantaneous changes in voltage across the Triac.
This fast change in voltage is brought about by the phase difference between current and voltage.
Primarily, this is experienced in driving loads which are inductive such as motors and solenods.
Following the procedure outlined above should provide sufficient results.

Any snubber or Varistor used for the above mentioned scenarios should be located as close to the main output triac as possible.

All pins shall be used by soldering on the board. (Socket and others shall not be used.)
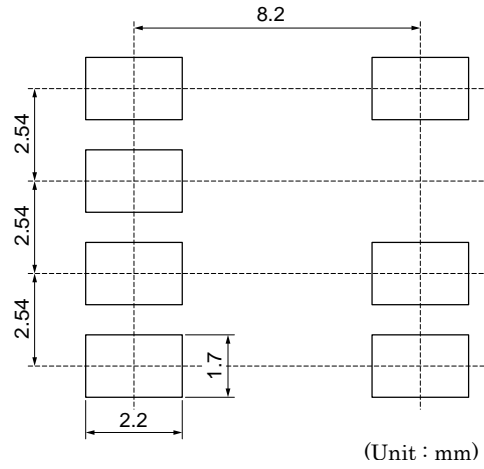
● Degradation

In general, the emission of the IRED used in SSD will degrade over time.
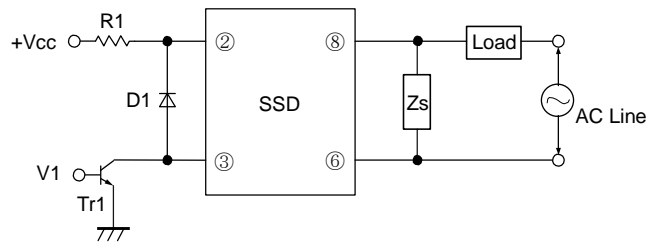In the case where long term operation and / or constant extreme temperature fluctuations will be applied to the devices, please allow for a worst case scenario of 50% degradation over 5years.
Therefore in order to maintain proper operation, a design implementing these SSDs should provide at least twice the minimum required triggering current from initial operation.

● **Recommended Foot Print (reference)**

SMT Gullwing Lead-form

8.2

2.54

2.54

2.54

1.7

2.2

(Unit : mm)

● **Standard Circuit**

+Vcc ──R1── ② ⑧ ── Load ── AC Line

D1 ── SSD ── Zs

V1 ── ③ ⑥

Tr1

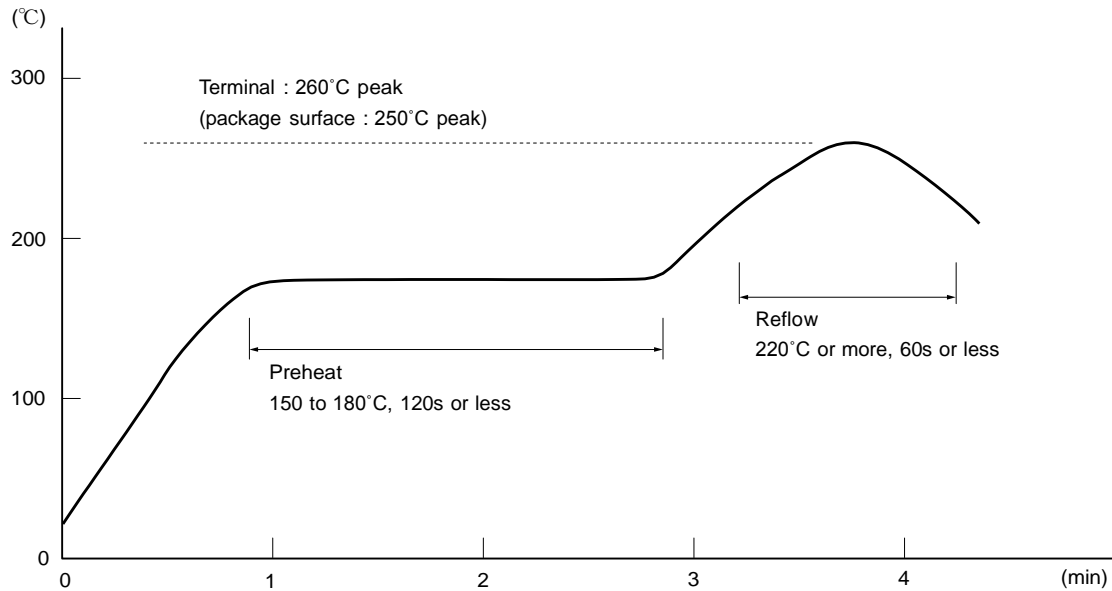☆ For additional design　assistance, please review our corresponding Optoelectronic Application Notes.

■Manufacturing Guidelines

● Soldering Method

Reflow Soldering:

Reflow soldering should follow the temperature profile shown below.
Soldering should not exceed the curve of temperature profile and time.
Please don't solder more than twice.

(℃)

Terminal : 260˚C peak
(package surface : 250˚C peak)

Reflow
220˚C or more, 60s or less

Preheat
150 to 180˚C, 120s or less

300

200

100

0

0   1   2   3   4   (min)

Flow Soldering (No Solder bathing)

Flow soldering should be completed below 270˚C and
within 10s. Preheating is within the bounds of 100 to
150˚C and 30 to 80s. Please don't solder more than
twice.

Hand soldering

Hand soldering should be completed within 3s when the point of solder iron is
below 400℃. Please don't solder more than twice.

Other notice

Please test the soldering method in actual condition and make sure the soldering works
fine, since the im- pact on the junction between the device and PCB varies depending
on the tooling and soldering conditions

● **Cleaning instructions**

Solvent cleaning :
Solvent temperature should be 45°C or below. Immersion time should be 3minutes or less.

Ultrasonic cleaning :
The impact on the device varies depending on the size of the cleaning bath, ultrasonic output, cleaning time, size of PCB and mounting method of the device.
Therefore, please make sure the device withstands the ultrasonic cleaning in actual conditions in advance of mass production.

Recommended solvent materials :
Ethyl alcohol, Methyl alcohol and Isopropyl alcohol
In case the other type of solvent materials are intended to be used, please make sure they work fine in actual using conditions since some materials may erode the packaging resin.

● **Presence of ODC**

This product shall not contain the following materials.
And they are not used in the production process for this device.
Regulation substances : CFCs, Halon, Carbon tetrachloride, 1.1.1-Trichloroethane (Methylchloroform)
Specific brominated flame retardants such as the PBB and PBDE are not used in this product at all.

The RoHS directive(2011/65/EU)
This product complies with the RoHS directive(2011/65/EU) .
Object substances: mercury, lead, cadmium, hexavalent chromium, polybrominated
biphenyls（PBB）and polybrominated diphenyl ethers（PBDE）
Content of six substances specified in Management Methods for Control of Pollution
Caused by Electronic Information Products Regulation
(Chinese：电子信息产品污染控制管理办法).

Marking Styles for the Names and Contents of the Hazardous Substances

Category	Hazardous Substances					
	Lead (Pb)	Mercury (Hg)	Cadmium (Cd)	Hexavalent chromium (Cr^{6+})	Polybrominated biphenyls (PBB)	Polybrominated diphenyl ethers (PBDE)
Solid State Device	✕	○	○	○	○	○

This table is prepared in accordance with the provisions of SJ/T 11364.

○ : Indicates that said hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous
materials for this part is below the limit requirement of GB/T 26572

✕ : Indicates that said hazardous substance contained in at least one of the
homogeneous materials used for this part is above the limit requirement
of GB/T 26572

The marking "✕" in the above table indicates the exemption of RoHS directive
(2011/65/EU), where the elimination or substitution of the restrictive substances
is still immature technically and impracticable economically from a current scientific view.

■**Package specification**

● **Sleeve package**

Trough-Hole

Package materials

Sleeve : HIPS or ABS with preventing static electricity
Stopper : Styene-Elastomer

Package method

MAX. 50pcs of products shall be packaged in a sleeve.

80th ends shall be closed by tabbed and tabless stoppers.
The product shall be arranged in the sleeve with its anode mark on the tabless stopper side.
MAX. 20 sleeves in one case.

Sleeve outline dimensions
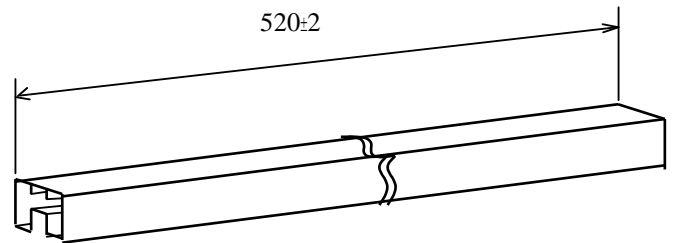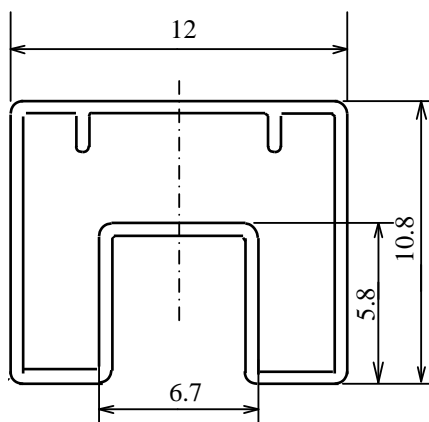
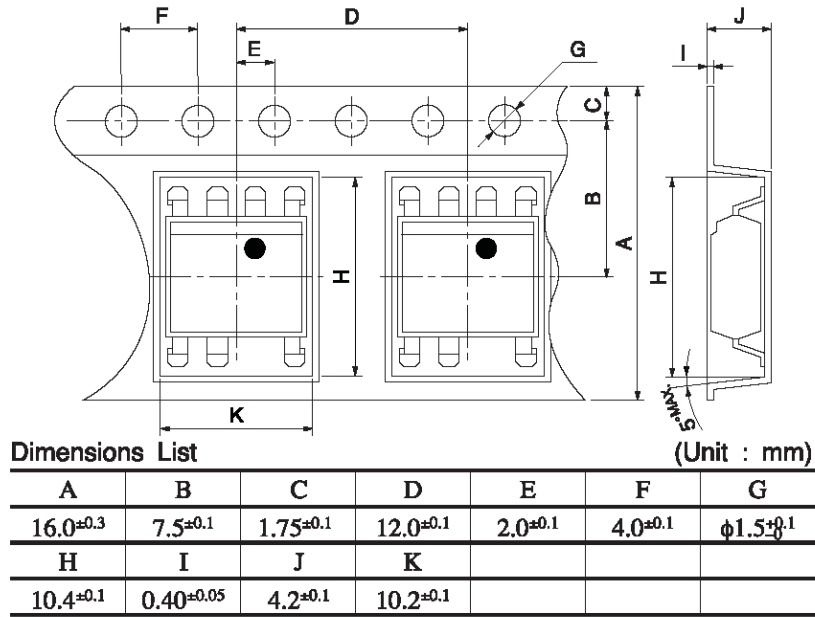(Unit : mm)

● **Tape and Reel package**
SMT Gullwing
Package materials
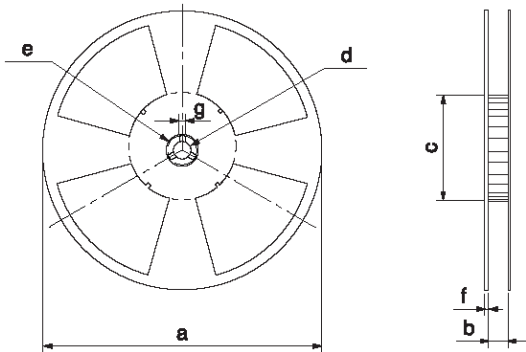Carrier tape : A-PET or PS (with preventing anti-static material)
Cover tape : PET (three layer system)
Reel : PS

Carrier tape structure and Dimensions

Dimensions List (Unit : mm)

A	B	C	D	E	F	G
$16.0^{\pm0.3}$	$7.5^{\pm0.1}$	$1.75^{\pm0.1}$	$12.0^{\pm0.1}$	$2.0^{\pm0.1}$	$4.0^{\pm0.1}$	$\phi 1.5^{+0.1}_{0}$
H	I	J	K			
$10.4^{\pm0.1}$	$0.40^{\pm0.05}$	$4.2^{\pm0.1}$	$10.2^{\pm0.1}$			

Reel structure and Dimensions

Dimensions List (Unit : mm)

a	b	c	d
$\phi 330$	$17.5^{\pm1.5}$	$\phi 100^{\pm1}$	$\phi 13.0^{\pm0.5}$
e	f	g	
$\phi 23^{\pm1}$	$2.0^{\pm0.5}$	$2.0^{\pm0.5}$	

Direction of product insertion

Pull-out direction
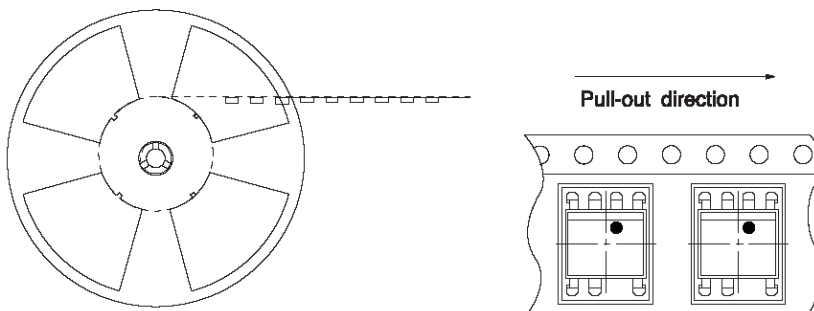
[Packing : 1 000pcs/reel]

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(i) The devices in this publication are designed for use in general electronic equipment designs such as:
   --- Personal computers
   --- Office automation equipment
   --- Telecommunication equipment [terminal]
   --- Test and measurement equipment
   --- Industrial control
   --- Audio visual equipment
   --- Consumer electronics
(ii) Measures such as fail-safe function and redundant design should be taken to ensure reliability and safety when SHARP devices are used for or in connection

with equipment that requires higher reliability such as:
   --- Transportation control and safety equipment
      (i.e.,aircraft, trains, automobiles, etc.)
   --- Traffic signals
   --- Gas leakage sensor breakers
   --- Alarm equipment
   --- Various safety devices, etc.
(iii) SHARP devices shall not be used for or in connection with equipment that requires an extremely high level of reliability and safety such as:
   --- Space applications
   --- Telecommunication equipment [trunk lines]
   --- Nuclear power control equipment
   --- Medical and other life support equipment
      (e.g.,scuba).

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